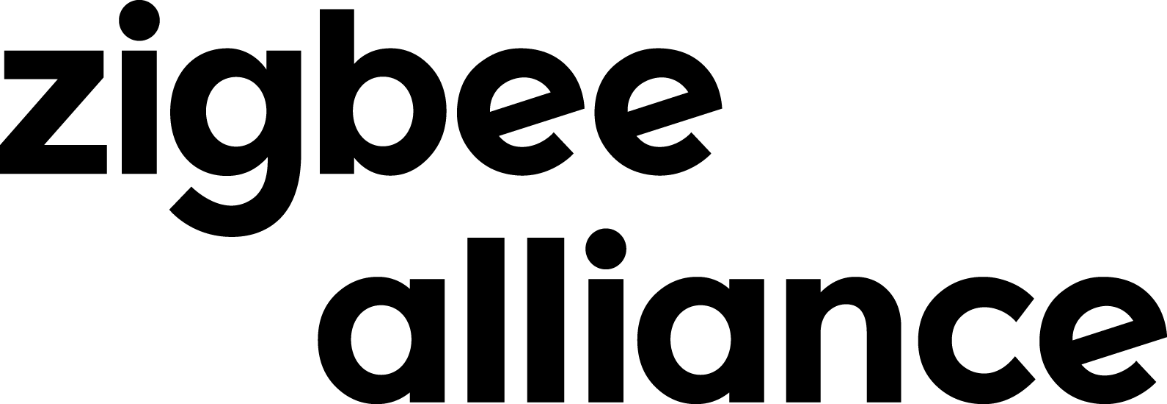
****

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Table of Contents

1 Introduction 1

1.1 Scope 1

1.2 Purpose 1

2 References 2

2.1 ZigBee Alliance documents 2

2.2 IEEE documents 2

2.3 ETSI documents 2

3 Definitions 3

4 Acronyms and abbreviations 4

5 General description 5

6 Knob settings 6

6.1 Introduction 6

6.2 Network settings 6

6.3 Application settings 6

6.4 Security settings 7

7 Functional description 8

7.1 Device roles 8

7.2 ZigBee: Compatibility with Other Feature sets 8

7.3 ZigBee-PRO: Feature set 9

7.4 Binding tables 9

7.5 Multicast mechanism and groups 9

7.6 Trust Center Policies and Security Settings 9

7.7 Battery powered devices 9

7.8 Mains powered devices 10

7.9 Persistent storage 10

7.10 Address Reuse 10

7.11 Duty cycle limitations and fragmentation 10

7.11.1 Vulnerability join 10

7.11.2 Pre-installation 11

7.12 Security 11

7.12.1 Security Modes within PRO Networks 11

8 Instructions for completing the PICS proforma 13

9 Identification of the implementation 14

10 Protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) proforma 15

10.1 Abbreviations and special symbols 15

10.2 ZigBee device types 15

10.3 IEEE 802.15.4 PICS 16

10.3.1 FDT2 and FDT3 network join options 16

10.3.2 IEEE 802.15.4 PHY 17

10.3.3 IEEE 802.15.4 MAC 18

10.4 Network layer PICS 32

10.4.1 ZigBee network frame format 32

10.4.2 Major capabilities of the ZigBee network layer 33

10.5 Security PICS 55

10.5.1 ZigBee security roles 55

10.5.2 ZigBee trust center capabilities 56

10.5.3 Modes of operation 57

10.5.4 Security levels 57

10.5.5 NWK layer security 59

10.5.6 APS layer security 61

10.5.7 Application layer security 66

10.6 Application layer PICS 71

10.6.1 ZigBee security device types 71

10.6.2 ZigBee APS frame format 71

10.6.3 Major capabilities of the ZigBee application layer 72

List of Tables

Table 1 – Document revision change history viii

Table 2 – Network settings for this feature set 6

Table 3 – Application settings for this feature set 6

Table 4 – Security settings for this feature set 7

Change history

Table 1 shows the change history for this specification.

Table 1 – Document revision change history

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Revision | Description |
| 00 | Original version based on 08-0006-05 snap shoot in Dec 2014. |
| 01 | Baseline original -00 document to ZigBee Document 08-0006-05 (R21 rev 1.0 equivalent document with all changes accepted) ZigBee PRO/2007 Layer PICS and Stack Profiles then added in R22 changes based on R22 Combined Document (Specification) dated Oct 8, 2015 10:37 AM. |
| 02 | Addressed All rev 0.7 comments and updated document for rev 0.7 re-ballot |
| 03 | Addressed All rev 0.7 re-ballot comments and updated document for rev 0.7 release |
| 04 | Address deferred rev 0.7 comments – comment 303 (Chris Brandson) fix section numbers references in PICS to match rev 0.9 PRO CORE Specification section numbers. Add update fixes for CCBs:  CCB 2091 – NLF27 - Number of Entries in End Device Neighbor Table increase to 5 per specification section 3.6.1.4.2.1  CCB 2137 – Modify NLF4 slightly to note that this is for forming \*centralized\* networks. and AZD31 - Add a separate PICs item for forming \*distributed\* networks = AZD299 added. Same text for NLF4 except it would be mandatory for both FDT1 and FDT2.  CCB 2144 – NDF106 – replace orphan notification and keep alive methods with end device timeout keep alive methods.  CCB 2178 – Trust center must be collocated with ZC (short address 0x0000) throughout network life – SR1.  CCB 2239 – Update NDF108 and NDF109 both conditional on NDF105  CCB 2240 – if support GP need to support list of items in PICS defined in CCB |
| 05 | Added Oct 17 2016 rev 0.9 comments from KAVI and release for reballot comments |
| 06 | No rev 0.9 re-ballot comments in KAVI, updated for Rev 1.0 release plans. |

# Introduction

To evaluate conformance of a particular implementation, it is necessary to have a statement of which capabilities and options have been implemented for a given standard. Such a statement is called a protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS).

## Scope

This document provides the protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) proforma for ZigBee R22 Draft specification (05-3474-22) in compliance with the relevant requirements, and in accordance with the relevant guidance, given in ISO/IEC 9646-7. The specification adds multiband functionality support which required changes to PHY/MAC and network layers. In addition ZigBee 2007 was been deprecated by the ZigBee Alliance therefore all ZigBee 2007 stack protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) have been removed from this document. Starting with R22 and later, only ZigBee PRO stack will be supported per ZigBee 3.0 inter-operability marketing decision.

## Purpose

The supplier of a protocol implementation claiming to conform to the ZigBee standard shall complete the following PICS proforma and accompany it with the information necessary to identify fully both the supplier and the implementation.

The protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) of a protocol implementation is a statement of which capabilities and options of the protocol have been implemented. The statement is in the form of answers to a set of questions in the PICS proforma. The questions in a proforma consist of a systematic list of protocol capabilities and options as well as their implementation requirements. The implementation requirement indicates whether implementation of a capability is mandatory, optional, or conditional depending on options selected. When a protocol implementer answers questions in a PICS proforma, they would indicate whether an item is implemented or not, and provide explanations if an item is not implemented.

# References

The following standards and specifications contain provisions, which through reference in this document constitute provisions of this specification. All the standards and specifications listed are normative references. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards and specifications are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this specification are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards and specifications indicated below.

## ZigBee Alliance documents

1. ZigBee document 05-3474r22, ZigBee draft specification release 22, ZigBee Core Stack Group
2. ZigBee 04-0140r05, ZigBee Protocol Stack Settable Values (knobs) release 05, ZigBee Architecture Working Group
3. ZigBee document 04-0319r01, ZigBee IEEE 802.15.4 PHY & MAC Layer Test Specification release r01
4. ZigBee document 08-5195r02, ZigBee Trust Centre Best Practices, ZigBee Security Task Group.
5. CEPT/ERC/REC 70-03: "Relating to the use of Short Range Devices (SRD)”. (13-0390-02). Version after Public Consultation CEPT SRDMG#60 13th December 2013.
6. EN 300 220-1 “Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Short Range Devices (SRD); Radio equipment to be used in the 25 MHz to 1 000 MHz frequency range with power levels ranging up to 500 mW; Part 1: Technical characteristics and test methods” version 2.4.1 (13-391-00)
7. ZigBee 09-5499r26 Green Power Specification
8. ZigBee 14-0563-16 PRO Green Power Feature specification

## IEEE documents

1. IEEE 802.15.4:2011 “IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks Part 15.4: Low-Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (LR-WPANs)”
2. IEEE 802.15.4:2015 “IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks Part 15.4: Low-Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (LR-WPANs)”
3. IEEE Standards Style Manual, published and distributed in May 2000 and last revised in 2012. Available from https://development.standards.ieee.org/myproject/Public/mytools/draft/styleman.pdf

## ETSI documents

1. ETSI TR 102 887-1 “Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);Short Range Devices; Smart Metering Wireless Access Protocol; Part 1: PHY layer” (13-0425-00)

# Definitions

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Feature set** | A collection of parameter values and configuration settings, collectively and loosely referred to as “knobs” in [R2], that determine the specific performance of a ZigBee stack variant and govern interoperability between stacks provided by different vendors. |
| **ZigBee**  **2.4 GHz** **Coordinator** | An IEEE 802.15.4-2011 PAN coordinator operating in a ZigBee 2.4 GHz network. |
| **ZigBee**  **2.4 GHz** **End Device** | An IEEE 802.15.4-2011 RFD participating in a ZigBee 2.4 GHz network, which is neither the ZigBee coordinator nor a ZigBee router. |
| **ZigBee**  **2.4 GHz** **Router** | An IEEE 802.15.4-2011 FFD participating in a ZigBee 2.4 GHz network, which is not the ZigBee coordinator but may act as an IEEE 802.15.4-2003 coordinator within its personal operating space, that is capable of routing messages between devices and supporting associations |
| **ZigBee Sub-GHz Router** | An IEEE 802.15.4-2015 FFD participating in a ZigBee Sub- GHz network, which is not the ZigBee coordinator but may act as an IEEE 802.15.4-2011 coordinator within its personal operating space, that is capable of routing messages between devices and supporting associations. ZigBee Sub-GHz Router (ZSR) is supported in R22 with power control on end device to routers and end devices to coordinators links. No power control for router to router, and router to coordinator links and devices should transmit at maximum power of + 14 dBm |
| **ZigBee Multi-MAC Selection Router** | An IEEE 802.15.4-2015 FFD participating in a ZigBee Sub-GHz **or** 2.4 GHz network but **not** in both bands. Power control only on Sub-GHz interface and not on the 2.4 GHz interface. Router in Sub-GHz mode in R22 will support power control on end device to routers and end devices to coordinators links. No power control for router to router, and router to coordinator links and devices should transmit at maximum power of + 14 dBm |
| **ZigBee Multi-MAC Switch Router** | An IEEE 802.15.4-2015 FFD participating in a ZigBee Sub-GHz **and** 2.4 GHz network. In R22 only allows a single ZigBee Multi-MAC Switch Router in the network integrated into the ZigBee Multi-MAC Switch Coordinator |
| **ZigBee Multi-MAC Switch Coordinator** | An IEEE 802.15.4-2015 PAN coordinator operating in a ZigBee 2.4 GHz network **and** in Sub-GHz band. |
| **ZigBee Multi-MAC Selection End Device** | An IEEE 802.15.4-2015 RFD participating in a ZigBee 2.4 GHz network **or** the Sub-GHz network which is neither the ZigBee coordinator nor a ZigBee router. |
| **ZigBee Sub-GHz End Device** | An IEEE 802.15.4-2015 RFD participating in a ZigBee Sub-GHz network which is neither the ZigBee coordinator nor a ZigBee router. |

# Acronyms and abbreviations

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| AODV | Ad-Hoc On-Demand Distance Vector |
| FFD | IEEE 802.15.4 Full Function Device |
| IEEE | Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers |
| PICS | Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement |
| RFD | IEEE 802.15.4 Reduced Function Device |

# General description

The sections in this document are:

* Knob settings – details of values to be used for parameters specified in the ZigBee specification for tuning the operation of the ZigBee stack, including network, application and security settings.
* Functional description – further operational restrictions to be applied to all devices in this feature set where various approaches are otherwise supported by the ZigBee specification.
* Protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) – a formal definition of functionality to be implemented in these devices.

These requirements aim to allow a designer to make necessary assumptions about what settings, features and safeguards will be in place in the networks in which a device will be deployed.

For clarity, settings applied to the ZigBee PRO Multi-MAC (PRO MM) feature set will be marked with the string **ZigBee PRO MM** and settings applied to the ZigBee-PRO feature set will be marked with the string **ZigBee-PRO.** Parameters that are unique to Multi-Band (MB or sub GHz interface) will be called out in PRO MMPRO MM PICS cells including unique timing. If timing and functionality the same as ZigBee PRO and **ZigBee PRO MM** the cells will be merged to flag timing, behavior, etc.. are the same on Sub GHz interface and 2.4 GHz interface as part of rev 0.9 release.

R22 stack depreciated ZigBee 2007 stack functionality therefore starting in R22 ZigBee 2007 functionality can be removed from the R22 stack.

R22 sub GHz interface channel and channel spacing is targeted for Great Britain deployment and European country deployment.

Green Power is only certifiable on 2.4 GHz interface.

Functionality not supported by Great Britain will be called out in the PICS, for example sub GHz routers will not be supported.

Channel Change Manager is a function of the Multi-MAC (MM) Coordinator. Channel change is driven by head end systems which is out of scope of this document. MM and 2.4 GHz devices SHALL detect a channel change via a keep alive method or other methods and properly form network on new Sub-GHz channel and/or on new 2.4 GHz channel. Channel change can occur on Sub-GHz network or 2.4 GHz network or both networks. The reason for channel change is outside the scope of this document.

# Knob settings

## Introduction

This section specifies values for parameters specified in the ZigBee specification for tuning the operation of the **ZigBee PRO MM** and ZigBee-PRO stack. This section describes settings for both **ZigBee PRO MM** and ZigBee-PRO feature sets applied to the ZigBee R22 Specification ([R1])

## Network settings

The network settings for the ZigBee PRO and **ZigBee PRO MM** feature sets are, for the most part, described in the restricted PICS captured in Section 10.4. Those setting not covered by the PICS are listed in Table 2.

Table 2 – Network settings for this feature set

| Parameter Name | Setting |  | Comments |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *nwkTransactionPersistenceTime* | 0x01f4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | Note that this value essentially “covers” the MAC attribute of the same name.  Note also that, while [R1] implies that this quantity has meaning only in beacon-enabled networks, it may actually be used in beaconless networks as well and, in that case, is a multiplier for *aBaseSuperframeDuration*. The value here yields a persistence time of 7.68 seconds using the 2.4Ghz symbol rate from [R9] in a non-beaconed network. |
| **ZigBee- PRO** |
| *nwkReportConstantCost* | FALSE | **ZigBee PRO MM** | The NWK layer in PRO shall always calculate routing cost on the basis of neighbor link cost and never report constant cost. |
| **ZigBee- PRO** |

## Application settings

The application settings for the ZigBee and ZigBee-PRO feature sets are, for the most part, described in the restricted PICS captured in Section 10.6. Those setting not covered by the PICS are listed in Table 3.

Table 3 – Application settings for this feature set

| Parameter Name | Setting | Comments | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of active endpoints per sleeping ZigBee end device (maximum) | - | **ZigBee PRO MM** | As the responsibility to arrange for caching of service discovery information lies with the end device itself, this parameter is not restricted. |
| **ZigBee- PRO** |
| Config\_NWK\_Leave\_removeChildren | FALSE | **ZigBee PRO MM** |  |
| **ZigBee- PRO** |

## Security settings

The security settings for the ZigBee and ZigBee-PRO feature sets are listed in Table 4.

Table 4 – Security settings for this feature set

| Parameter Name | Setting | Comments | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| apsSecurityTimeoutPeriod | TxDuration[[1]](#footnote-2) \* (2\*NWK Maximum Depth) + (AES Encrypt/Decrypt times) | **ZigBee PRO MM** | Where AES Encrypt/Decrypt times = 200ms, and  Where NWK Maximum Depth is assumed to be 5, meaning every device in the network can be reached in not more than 10 hops , and  Where TxDuration is assumed to be 1562.5 octetDurations (50 msec on 2.4GHz), meaning maximum duration of transmitting a packet by a hop,  i.e. 700 milliseconds on 2.4 GHz. Note that this timeout assumes worst case AES engine speeds and is not indicative of expected performance for most devices. |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | Where AES Encrypt/Decrypt times = 200ms, and  Where NWK Maximum Depth is assumed to be 15, meaning every device in the network can be reached in not more than 30 hops, and  Where TxDuration is assumed to be 1562.5 octetDurations (50 msec on 2.4GHz), meaning maximum duration of transmitting a packet by a hop,  i.e. 1.7 seconds on 2.4 GHz. Note that this timeout assumes worst case AES engine speeds and is not indicative of expected performance for most devices. |

# Functional description

For the most part, the functioning of ZigBee **PRO MM** and ZigBee-PRO with respect to the NWK layer, the APS layer and the ZDO is described in [R1]. However, the configuration details and operational requirements for devices operating under the ZigBee **PRO MM** and ZigBee-PRO feature sets lead to some special functional considerations, which are detailed here.

## Device roles

The basic roles performed by ZigBee devices in ZigBee **PRO MM** and ZigBee-PRO networks are determined by their device type:

* The **ZigBee PRO and PRO MM coordinator** initiates network formation, choosing the network channel, PAN ID and extended PAN ID in the process, and thereafter should act as a ZigBee router. It may also perform the roles of trust center and Network Channel Manager. With respect to binding, the ZigBee coordinator is expected to handle end device bind request on behalf of all end devices in the network but is not expected to be a global binding repository for the network.
* **All ZigBee routers** are called upon to relay traffic on behalf of other devices in the network and, in particular, are required to act as routing agents on behalf of their end device children, which will typically not have the neighbor tables, routing tables, route discovery tables or broadcast transaction tables required to perform routing. Since end devices may sleep, ZigBee routers and ZigBee coordinators in their role of ZigBee routers may cache discovery information on behalf of their sleeping end-device children. A ZigBee router may perform the role of trust center and Network Channel Manager.
* **All ZigBee end devices** are joined to and managed by ZigBee routers or the ZigBee coordinator. Because ZigBee-PRO networks are beaconless, there is no built-in synchronization mechanism between sleeping end devices and their router parents. End devices are free to set their own duty cycles within the broad polling limits defined by this feature set. End devices that wish to have their discovery information cached by their parent or some other device are responsible for using the discovery cache commands to achieve this.

Under the ZigBee and ZigBee-PRO feature sets, all devices are expected to manage their own binding tables if they use binding tables.

This section is valid for both the **ZigBee PRO MM** and **ZigBee PRO** feature sets. In R22 release only one ZigBee MB coordinator is supported per HAN network and no ZigBee MB or sub GHz routers are supported to simplify deployment for GB market.

## ZigBee: Compatibility with Other Feature sets

Devices implementing the ZigBee feature set will advertise a feature set identifier of 1 in their beacon payloads as stated below in the additional restrictions for PICS item NLF4. In general, such devices will seek out and join networks in which the ZigBee coordinator (Centralized network) and all ZigBee routers implement the ZigBee feature set and advertise this fact by placing a feature set identifier of 1 in their beacon payloads.

In ZigBee 3.0 ZigBee End Devices (eg. Light, etc..) and ZigBee Router Devices (eg Light switch, etc..) can form multiple distributed networks without a ZigBee coordinator in the network using distributed security. (CCB 2178)

In order to provide compatibility with devices implemented according to the ZigBee-PRO feature set, ZigBee devices shall additionally be able to join networks which advertise a feature set identifier of 2 in their beacon payloads but the device must join the ZigBee-PRO networks as end devices and only those ZigBee-PRO networks employing standard network security.

This section is valid for the **ZigBee PRO MM and ZigBee PRO** feature set.

## ZigBee-PRO: Feature set

## Binding tables

Binding tables, if used, shall be located on the source device. While binding is optional, devices that choose to use binding tables should allocate enough binding table entries to handle their own communications needs. This suggests that binding table size should be flexible enough that it can be set, at least at compile time, with some awareness of the actual intended usage of the device.

This section is valid for both the **ZigBee PRO MM** and **ZigBee-PRO** feature sets.

## Multicast mechanism and groups

Support for APS level multicasts is mandatory to support compatibility with ZigBee devices. The multicast groups are then established using the application level mechanisms. Support for routing of network level multicasts is mandatory in the ZigBee-PRO feature set.

ZigBee devices do not support network level multicasts.

## Trust Center Policies and Security Settings

A ZigBee PRO network shall have a trust center uniquely pointed to by each device in the network through apsTrustCenterAddress within each network member device. It is beyond the scope of the PRO Feature set to describe how this value is set or whether it is changed and the Trust Center relocated to another device during operation. The only requirement of the PRO Feature set is that all devices in the network point to the one unique Trust Center and that the device pointed to as the Trust Center supplies the security services described by this document.

The trust center dictates the security parameters of the network, such as which network key type to use, settings of the service permissions table, when, if at all, to allow devices to use unsecured association to the network, and when, if at all, to allow an application master or link key to be set up between two devices. For interoperability, there are two distinct security settings that can be used within the ZigBee PRO feature set – a standard and a high security.

Networks can exist for periods without a trust center. There are some operations where it is necessary for the trust center to be operational in the network. These include initial network setup, key changes, and when joining and rejoining devices require updated keys.

A wide range of implementations are possible, depending on the requirements of the application. A high security trust center may allow the user to install devices “out-of-band”, keep separate link keys for different devices, optionally ignore Mgmt\_Permit\_Joining\_req commands from other nodes, and configure application trust policies between devices or groups of devices, etc. A standard security trust center would not offer these advantages, but would not be required to carry the associated costs.

## Battery powered devices

ZigBee-PRO networks may, of course, contain battery-powered devices. ZigBee routers are required to have their receivers enabled whenever they are not transmitting.

As mentioned above, ZigBee-PRO networks are beaconless networks and, in the absence of an explicit mechanism for synchronization and indirect transmission, sleeping devices must set their own duty cycles and use polling, under ZDO control, if they expect to receive frames that are directed to them when they are asleep. The feature set provides that parent devices, i.e. ZigBee routers and the ZigBee coordinator, hold frames for 0x01F4 symbols[[2]](#footnote-3) (7.68 seconds on 2.4 GHz) on behalf of sleeping end devices and this is also, roughly speaking, the maximum polling rate prescribed here. Devices may implement a polling interval longer than 0x01F4 symbols[[3]](#footnote-4), however the application will then have to handle the potential loss of messages during longer sleep cycles.

## Mains powered devices

It is assumed that for most ZigBee-PRO networks, the ZigBee coordinator and ZigBee routers will be mains-powered and always on in order to properly perform their required roles with respect to the operation of the network.

## Persistent storage

The ZigBee-PRO feature set does not support devices without persistent storage. Devices have information required to be saved between unintentional restarts and power failures. See [R1] sections 2.2.8.1 and 3.6.8 for details of persistent data in the application and NWK layers. Various security material shall additionally be stored across power failures. All attributes in sections 4.3.3 and 4.4.10 shall be stored, except that it is not mandatory to store those values which can safely be recovered using other stored information, or other methods.

## Address Reuse

Re-use of previously assigned network short addresses in ZigBee-PRO devices is permitted subject to execution of the address conflict procedure by the device on the re-used address.

## Duty cycle limitations and fragmentation

No mandatory restrictions on 2.4 GHz are defined for intermittent, low channel usage data, although developers are encouraged to minimise bandwidth usage wherever possible.

Large acknowledged unicast transmissions should generally use the APS fragmentation mechanism, where supported, as this handles retransmissions, duplicate rejection, flow control and congestion control automatically. Use of the fragmentation mechanism is as specified in the application profile documents.

Sub GHz UK deployment limits Regulatory Duty Cycle to 2.5% when CSMA LBT is used.

### Vulnerability join

Vulnerability join shall be optional for networked devices, but support for it shall be mandatory for trust centers. The default for networks is permit joining is off. Permit joining is allowed for established time periods based on application requirements and specific instructions based on the system design.

Devices that join but do not successfully acquire and use the relevant security keys within the specified security timeout period shall disassociate themselves from the network, and their short address may be reused.

### Pre-installation

Pre-installation is acceptable. Pre-installed devices are not exempt from the other requirements in this document. For example, a device certified as a trust center for this feature set shall support vulnerability installation of new devices, even if it is initially pre-installed.

## Security

This feature set is designed to allow the efficient deployment of low cost devices, while also supporting the security requirements of highly sensitive applications. Installation and network maintenance procedures and administration are defined with the goal of satisfying the requirements of a range of applications within a single network infrastructure.

To achieve this, two security modes are specified: Standard mode and High Security mode. By default all applications will use the network key for communications. However, where confidentiality from other network nodes is required an application shall be permitted to use application link keys. Where link keys are required by specific application profiles, commands not secured with a link key shall be processed according to the rules established by the application profile.

The trust center plays a key role in determining the security settings in use in the network, and can optionally be implemented to apply further restrictions on the network.

It is recommended that the trust center change the network key if it is discovered that any device has been stolen or otherwise compromised, and in order to avoid deadlock if all frame counter records become filled up. It is an application responsibility within the Trust Center to effect the change to the network key. There is no expectation that the network key be changed when adding a new device.

All devices may implement a service permissions table, which they may use to determine which devices are authorized to issue which commands. Unauthorized commands should not be carried out.

The trust center should be implemented to make appropriate choices about when to initiate an application master/link key shared between two devices. Where restrictions between devices are required it is the responsibility of the system installer/administrator to deploy a suitably intelligent trust center and configure it to make relevant checks before initiating sharing of application link keys between two devices. For example, it might facilitate policies based on certain times, certain manufacturers or device types, or when the trust center is configured in a certain way, etc. By default a simple trust center should always allow requests for link keys.

Devices may perform the relevant in or out of band authentication or key exchange before acquiring or using a link key with a new target.

### Security Modes within PRO Networks

The feature set shall use two security modes: Standard mode and High Security mode.

With the Standard mode, network keys and application link keys are permitted for all devices. The network key type shall be the “standard” network key. It shall not be required that devices perform entity authentication with their parent on joining nor shall it be required to perform entity authentication between neighbors. If end devices wish to have a trust center link key, this should be requested using the request key command. Note that it is optional for the trust center to support link keys.

With the High Security mode, all three key types are permitted and shall be supported by all devices. The network key type shall be the “high security” network key. It shall be required that devices shall perform entity authentication with their parent on joining and it shall be required to perform entity authentication between neighbors. Frames from devices not in the neighbour table shall not be accepted.

When a “standard” type network key is in use, devices shall be permitted to update the network key when requested to do so by a command appropriately secured with the current network key. When a “high security” type of network key is in use this shall not be permitted. Additionally, in “high security”, new trust center link keys may be deployed by SKKE only, i.e.: they shall not be sent using key transport.

Bit 6 of the capabilities field (security bit) shall be used to indicate whether or not a joining (or re-joining) device supports High Security mode. It shall be set to 0 if the joining or re-joining device does not support High Security mode (i.e. supports Standard mode), and shall be set to 1 if it does support High Security mode. The trust center may optionally make use of this information as part of its policy settings, for example when determining whether or not to allow the device onto the network, or when determining whether to initiate SKKE with a new joiner or send a link key and/or network key in the clear to the new device.

The above specifications are as currently described in the ZigBee specification. Standard mode and High Security mode allow implementation of two different strengths of security depending on the application requirements and the specification supports a device indicating its security capabilities as it joins the network, thus giving the Trust Center the means to be able to accept or reject the device based on its policy.

# Instructions for completing the PICS proforma

If a given implementation is claimed to conform to this standard, the actual PICS proforma to be filled in by a supplier shall be technically equivalent to the text of the PICS proforma in this document, and shall preserve the numbering and naming and the ordering of the PICS proforma.

A PICS which conforms to this document shall be a conforming PICS proforma completed in accordance with the instructions for completion given in this section.

The main part of the PICS is a fixed-format questionnaire, divided. Answers to the questionnaire are to be provided in the rightmost column, either by simply marking an answer to indicate a restricted choice (such as Yes or No), or by entering a value, set, or range of values.

# Identification of the implementation

**System under test (SUT) identification**

SUT name: UEI Nevo Butler

Software Version:

V3.4.11D

Hardware Version: 60291-4227000 A01

Operating system (optional): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Specification Version Numbers at time of certification**

ZigBee PRO Specification Revision: **R22**

Approved Errata Text to the ZigBee PRO Specification (if any)**: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

ZigBee PRO Test Plan Revision**: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Approved Errata Text to the ZigBee PRO Test Plan (if any): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Product supplier Contact Information**

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Signature \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

# Protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) proforma

## Abbreviations and special symbols

Notations for requirement status:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| M | Mandatory |
| O | Optional |
| O.n | Optional, but support of at least one of the group of options labeled O.n is required. |
| N/A | Not applicable |
| X | Prohibited |

“item”: Conditional, status dependent upon the support marked for the “item”.

For example, if FDT1 and FDT2 are both marked “O.1” this indicates that the status is optional but at least one of the features described in FDT1 and FDT2 is required to be implemented, if this implementation is to follow the standard of which this PICS Proforma is a part.

In below table if a Multi-MAC (MM) device list bands supports, if supported concurrently with 2.4 GHz, and maximum Power level supported in each band.

## ZigBee device types

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| FDT1 | Is this device capable of acting as a ZigBee coordinator? | [R1]/Preface (Definitions) |  | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O.1 |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O.1 |  | Yes |
| FDT2 | Is this device capable of acting as a ZigBee router?  Note: Great Britain not supporting sub GHz router in R22 but can be deployed in other European markets. | [R1]/ Preface (Definitions) |  | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O.1 |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O.1 |  | Yes |
| FDT3 | Is this a ZigBee end device? | [R1]/ Preface (Definitions) |  | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O.1 |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O.1 |  | Yes |

## IEEE 802.15.4 PICS

### FDT2 and FDT3 network join options

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| JN1 | The device joins a network by scanning and then associating (client) | [R9] 7.3.1.1 | FDT1:X FDT2:O FDT3:O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| JN10 | The device supports joining a network by associating (server) | [R9] 7.3.1.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: N/A | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| JN2 | The device joins a network by using an orphan scan (client) | [R9] 7.3.2.3 | FDT1: N/A FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| JN20 | The device supports joining a network by using an orphan scan (server) | [R9] 7.3.2.3 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: N/A | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |

### IEEE 802.15.4 PHY

#### Radio frequency of operation

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| RF1 | The device operates at Sub GHz GB/OFCOM – Page 28 to 31 and defined channels | [R9] 6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.6 | O3 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O3 |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O3 |  | No |
| RF2 | The device operates at a frequency of 2.4 GHz. | [R9] 6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.5 | O3 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O3 |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O3 |  | Yes |

O3: at least one option must be selected.

#### Clear channel assessment

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| CCA1 | Mode 1: Energy above threshold is supported. | [R9] 6.7.9 | O4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O4 |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O4 |  | Yes |
| CCA2 | Mode 2: Carrier sense only is supported. | [R9] 6.7.9 | O4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O4 |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O4 |  | No |
| CCA3 | Mode 3: Carrier sense with energy above threshold is supported. | [R9] 6.7.9 | O4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O4 |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O4 |  | No |

O4: at least one option must be selected.

### IEEE 802.15.4 MAC

#### Channel access

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| CA1 | A super-frame structure is supported. | [R9] 7.5.1.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| CA2 | Un-slotted CSMA-CA is supported. | [R9] 7.5.1.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | All devices shall set their MIB values as follows: *macBeaconOrder* = 0x0f, *macSuperframeOrder* = 0x0f. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | All devices shall set their MIB values as follows: *macBeaconOrder* = 0x0f, *macSuperframeOrder* = 0x0f. | Yes |
| CA3 | Slotted CSMA-CA is supported. | [R9] 7.5.1.1 | CA1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| CA4 | Super-frame timing is supported. | [R9] 7.5.1.1 | CA1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |

#### Guaranteed time slots

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| GTS1 | Guaranteed time slots are supported (*server*). | [R9] 7.5.7 | FDT1: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| GTS2 | Guaranteed time slots are supported (*client*). | [R9] 7.5.7 | FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| GTS3 | The client device has the ability to request a GTS. Operations include:   * Allocation requests * De-allocation requests * [MLME-GTS.request primitive] * [MLME-GTS.confirm primitive] * Transmission of the GTS request command. | [R9] 7.1.7.1, 7.1.7.2, 7.3.3.1, 7.5.7.2, 7.5.7.4 | GTS2: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| GTS4 | The server has the ability to process GTS requests. Operations include:   * Allocation requests * De-allocation requests * Re-allocation requests * [MLME-GTS.indication primitive] * Reception and processing of the GTS request command. | [R9] 7.1.7.3, 7.3.3.1, 7.5.7.2, 7.5.7.4, 7.5.7.5 | GTS1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| GTS5 | The server can manage the GTSs. | [R9] 7.5.7 | GTS1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| GTS6 | The server can perform CAP maintenance. | [R9] 7.5.7.1 | GTS1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| GTS7 | The device can transmit and/or receive data within a GTS. | [R9] 7.5.7.3 | GTS1: M GTS2: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |

#### Scanning

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| S1 | The device can perform some form of channel scan. Operations include:   * Scanning mechanism * [MLME-SCAN.request primitive] * [MLME-SCAN.confirm primitive] | [R9] 7.1.11.1, 7.1.11.2, 7.5.2.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | All devices shall be able to perform at least an active scan. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | All devices shall be able to perform at least an active scan. | Yes |
| S2 | The device can perform an energy detection scan. | [R9] 7.5.2.1.1 | FDT1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Network devices shall perform an energy detection scan on request from the next higher layer.  The coordinator shall perform an energy detection scan on each available channel in the active channel mask before starting a network. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Yes |
| S3 | The device can perform an active scan. Operations include:   * Transmission of the beacon request command. | [R9] 7.3.2.4, 7.5.2.1.2 | FDT1: M JN1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | All devices shall perform an active scan on each available channel in the active channel mask. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | All devices shall perform an active scan on each available channel in the active channel mask. | Yes |
| S4 | The device can perform a passive scan. | [R9] 7.5.2.1.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| S5 | The client can perform an orphan scan. Operations include:   * Orphan device realignment. * Transmission of the orphan notify command. * Reception and processing of the coordinator realignment command. | [R9] 7.3.2.3, 7.3.2.5, 7.5.2.1.4 | JN2: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | JN2:M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | JN2:M |  | Yes |
| S6 | The server can perform orphan scan processing. Operations include:   * [MLME-ORPHAN.indicate primitive] * [MLME-ORPHAN.response primitive] * Reception and processing of the orphan notify command. * Transmission of the coordinator realignment command. | [R9] 7.1.8.1, 7.1.8.2, 7.3.2.3, 7.3.2.5, 7.5.2.1.4 | FDT1: O FDT2: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Network rejoin is the preferred mechanism for devices to use, however, orphan scan may be used and the parent devices shall support orphan scan. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Network rejoin is the preferred mechanism for devices to use, however, orphan scan may be used and the parent devices shall support orphan scan. | Yes |
| S7 | The server can receive and process a beacon request command. | [R9] 7.3.2.4 | S3 & FDT1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |

#### PAN identifier conflict resolution

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| PICR1 | PAN identifier conflict resolution is supported (*server*). Operations include:   * Reception and processing of the PAN identifier conflict notification command. * Transmission of the coordinator realignment command. | [R9] 7.3.2.2, 7.3.2.5, 7.5.2.2 | FDT1: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| PICR2 | PAN identifier conflict resolution is supported (*client*). Operations include:   * Transmission of the PAN identifier conflict notification command. * Reception and processing of the coordinator realignment command. | [R9] 7.3.2.2, 7.3.2.5, 7.5.2.2 | FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |

#### PAN start

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| PS1 | Starting a PAN is supported. Operations include:   * [MLME-START.request primitive] * [MLME-START.confirm primitive] | [R9] 7.1.14.1, 7.1.14.2, 7.5.2.3 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |

#### Association

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A1 | Association is supported (*server*). | [R9] 7.5.3.1 | FDT1: O  FDT2: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M  FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M  FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| A2 | Association is supported (*client*). | [R9] 7.5.3.1 | FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| A3 | The server can process association requests. Operations include:   * [MLME-ASSOCIATE.indicate primitive] * [MLME-ASSOCIATE.response primitive] * Reception and processing of the association request command. * Transmission of the association response command. | [R9] 7.1.3.2, 7.1.3.3, 7.3.1.1, 7.3.1.2 | A1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M  FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M  FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| A4 | The client can perform association. Operations include:   * [MLME-ASSOCIATE.request primitive] * [MLME-ASSOCIATE.confirm primitive] * Transmission of the association request command. * Reception and processing of the association response command. | [R9] 7.1.3.1, 7.1.3.4, 7.3.1.1, 7.3.1.2 | A2: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |

#### Disassociation

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| D1 | The device can request a disassociation. Operations include:   * [MLME-DISASSOCIATE.request primitive] * [MLME-DISASSOCIATE.confirm primitive] * Transmission of the disassociation notify command. | [R9] 7.1.4.1, 7.1.4.3, 7.3.1.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| D2 | The client can react to a disassociation from the server. Operations include:   * [MLME-DISASSOCIATE.indicate primitive] * Reception and processing of the disassociation notify command. | [R9] 7.1.4.2, 7.3.1.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| D3 | The server can react to a disassociation from a client device. Operations include:   * [MLME-DISASSOCIATE.indicate primitive] * Reception and processing of the disassociation notify command. | [R9] 7.1.4.2, 7.3.1.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |

#### Beacon synchronization

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| BS1 | Beacon notification is supported. Operations include:   * [MLME-BEACON-NOTIFY.indication primitive] | [R9] 7.1.5.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| BS2 | The client can synchronize to a beacon. Operations include:   * (Tracking only for beacon networks) * [MLME-SYNC.request primitive] * [MLME-SYNC-LOSS.indication primitive] | [R9] 7.1.15.1, 7.1.15.2, 7.5.4 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |

#### Transmission

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| T1 | Frame transmission is supported. Operations include:   * Frame construction * [MCPS-DATA.request primitive] * [MCPS-DATA.confirm primitive] * Transmission of data frames. | [R9] 7.1.1.1, 7.1.1.2, 7.2.1, 7.2.2.2, 7.5.6.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| T2 | Implicit (command frame) transmission confirmation is supported. Operations include:   * [MLME-COMM-STATUS.indication primitive] | [R9] 7.1.12.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |

#### Reception

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| R1 | Frame reception is supported. Operations include:   * Data frame de-construction * [MCPS-DATA.indication primitive] * Reception of data frames. | [R9] 7.1.1.3, 7.2.1, 7.2.2.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| R2 | Receiver control is supported. Operations include:   * [MLME-RX-ENABLE.request primitive] * [MLME-RX-ENABLE.confirm primitive] | [R9] 7.1.10.1, 7.1.10.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| R3 | Filtering and rejection is supported. | [R9] 7.5.6.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| R4 | Promiscuous mode is supported. | [R9] 7.5.6.6 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |

#### Transaction handling

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| TH1 | Transaction handling is supported (*server*). | [R9] 7.5.5 | FDT1: O FDT2: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | The server shall be able to handle at least one transaction. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | The server shall be able to handle at least one transaction. | Yes |
| TH2 | Transaction handling is supported (*client*). | [R9] 7.5.5 | FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| TH3 | The server can manage transactions to its devices. Operations include:   * Transaction queuing * Reception and processing of the data request command. | [R9] 7.5.5, 7.1.1.4, 7.1.1.5, 7.3.2.1 | TH1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| TH30 | The server can manage transaction purging operations:   * [MCPS-PURGE.request primitive] * [MCPS-PURGE.confirm primitive] | [R9] 7.1.1.4, 7.1.1.5, 7.3.2.1 | TH1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| TH4 | The client can extract data from the coordinator following an indication of data in a beacon. | [R9] 7.5.6.3 | TH2: O5 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| TH5 | The client can poll for data. Operations include:   * [MLME-POLL.request primitive] * [MLME-POLL.confirm primitive] * Transmission of the data request command. | [R9] 7.1.16.1, 7.1.16.2, 7.3.2.1 | TH2: O5 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | Yes |

O5: At least one of these options must be supported.

#### Acknowledgement service

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AS1 | The acknowledgement service is supported. | [R9] 7.5.6.4 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AS2 | The device can transmit, receive and process acknowledgement frames. | [R9] 7.2.2.3 | AS1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AS3 | Deprecated | [R9] 7.5.6.4.2, 7.5.6.5 | AS1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | N/A |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | N/A |
| AS4 | Retransmissions are supported. | [R9] 7.5.6.5 | AS1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |

#### MIB management

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MM1 | MIB management is supported. Operations include:   * MIB attribute storage | [R9] 7.4.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| MM2 | The device supports the reading of MIB attributes. Operations include:   * [MLME-GET.request primitive] * [MLME-GET.confirm primitive] | [R9] 7.1.6.1, 7.1.6.2, 7.4.2 | MM1: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| MM3 | The device supports the writing of MIB attributes. Operations include:   * MIB attribute verification * [MLME-SET.request primitive] * [MLME-SET.confirm primitive] | [R9] 7.1.13.1, 7.1.13.2, 7.4.2 | MM1: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |

#### MAC security

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MS1 | The device supports ACL mode. Operations include:   * ACL storage * ACL mode usage | [R9] 7.4.2, 7.5.8.1, 7.5.8.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| MS2 | The device supports secured mode. | [R9] 7.5.8.4 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |

#### Device reset

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| DR1 | The device is able to reset. Operations include:   * [MLME-RESET.request primitive] * [MLME-RESET.confirm primitive] | [R9] 7.1.9.1, 7.1.9.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |

## Network layer PICS

### ZigBee network frame format

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| GFF1 | Does the device support the general ZigBee network frame format? | [R1]/3.3.1 |  | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |

### Major capabilities of the ZigBee network layer

Tables in the following sub-clauses detail the capabilities of NWK layer for ZigBee devices.

#### Network layer functions

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| NLF1 | Does the network layer support transmission of data by the next higher layer? | [R1]/3.2.1.1, 3.2.1.2, 3.6.2.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLF2 | Does the network layer support reception of data by the next higher layer? | [R1]/3.2.1.3, 3.6.2.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLF3 | Does the network layer support discovery of existing ZigBee networks? | [R1]/3.2.2.1, 3.2.2.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLF4 | Does the network layer support formation of Distributed ZigBee networks?  (CCB 2137) | [R1]/3.2.25, | O | **ZigBee PRO MM / ZigBee PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M | Devices using the ZigBee feature set shall set:  Feature set = 1 *nwkcProtocolVersion* = 2  and shall advertise these values in their beacon payload in response to MAC beacon requests.  Devices using the ZigBee feature set shall also set:  *nwkSecurityLevel* = 1 | Yes |
| Does the network layer support formation of Centralized ZigBee networks? | [R1]/3.2.2.5, | O | **ZigBee PRO MM / ZigBeePRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Devices using the ZigBee-PRO feature set shall set:  Feature set = 2 *nwkcProtocolVersion* = 2  and shall advertise these values in their beacon payload in response to MAC beacon requests.  Devices using the ZigBee-PRO feature set shall also set:  *nwkSecurityLevel* = 5 | Yes |
| NLF5 | Can the network layer permit other devices to join the network of which it is a part (and also deny such permission)? | [R1]/3.2.2.5, 3.2.2.6, 3.6.1.2 | FDT1:M, FDT2:M, FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF6 | Can the device start as a router? | [R1]/3.2.2.7, 3.2.2.8 | FDT1:X, FDT2:M, FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF60 | Can the network layer perform energy detection scans at the request of the next higher layer? | [R1]/3.2.2.9, 3.2.2.10 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | NLME-ED-SCAN is mandatory for the coordinator and optional for all routers on a ZigBee network. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | NLME-ED-SCAN is mandatory for the coordinator and all routers on a PRO network. | Yes |
| NLF7 | Can the device request membership in a ZigBee network? | [R1]/3.2.2.11, 3.2.2.13, 3.6.1.4 | FDT1: N/A FDT2: M FDT3: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NLF70 | Can the device request to join or rejoin a network using the end device timeout or MAC\_PHY polling procedure?  (CCB 2144) | [R1]/3.2.2.14, 3.2.2.15, 3.6.1.4.3.1 | FDT1: N/A FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes[[4]](#footnote-5) |
| NLF71 | Can the device request to join / rejoin a network using the rejoin command frame and associated procedure? | [R1]/3.2.2.11, 3.2.2.13, 3.6.1.4.2.1 | FDT1: N/A FDT2: O  FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NLF72 | Can the network layer be directed by the next higher layer to change the operating channel of the network of which it is currently a part? | [R1]/3.2.2.11, 3.2.2.13 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | The network layer can be directed by the next higher layer to change the operating channel of the network of which it is currently part. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Yes |
| NLF8 | Can the device respond to requests to join the network of which it is a part? | [R1]/3.6.1.4.1.2, 3.6.1.4.2.2 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF81 | Does the network layer of a device inform the next higher layer when a second device has joined or rejoined its network as a child? | [R1]/3.2.2.12 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF9 | Does the network layer employ the Distributed Address Mechanism to generate a unique network address to assign to a joining device? | [R1]/3.6.1.6 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: N/A | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | The ZigBee feature set always employs the distributed addressing scheme with:  nwkMaxDepth = 5 nwkMaxChildren = 20 nwkMaxRouters = 6 | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| NLF90 | Does the network layer employ the Stochastic Addressing Scheme to generate a unique network address to assign to a joining or rejoining device? | [R1]/3.6.1.7 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: N/A | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | The ZigBee-PRO feature set employs stochastic address allocation.  The follow parameter values are defined:  *nwkAddrAlloc* = 2  *nwkUseTreeRouting* = FALSE  *nwkMaxDepth* = 15  Note that nwkMaxDepth above is only used to compute timeouts and shall not limit the actual network radius, as this feature set does not use tree-based addressing.  The parameter *nwkMaxChildren* is not restricted in this feature set. | Yes |
| NLF100 | Does the network layer employ the Higher Layer Address Assignment Mechanism to generate a unique network address to assign to a joining device? | Deprecated | X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | N/A |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | N/A |
| NLF10 | Can the next higher layer request that a particular device be “pre-joined” to it using the DIRECT-JOIN procedure? | [R1]/3.2.2.14, 3.2.2.15, 3.6.1.4.3 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | X | This service is useful for testing and may be allowed as a part of test procedures at the option of the stack developer. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | This service is useful for testing and may be allowed as a part of test procedures at the option of the stack developer. | No |
| NLF11 | Can the device make a request to leave the network? | [R1]/3.2.2.16, 3.2.2.18, 3.6.1.10.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NLF12 | Can the device make a request that one of its child devices leave the network? | [R1]/3.2.2.16, 3.2.2.18, 3.6.1.10.2 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: N/A | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF13 | Can the network layer process network leave commands from child devices? | [R1]/3.6.1.10.3 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: N/A | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF130 | Can the network layer process network leave commands from parent devices? | [R1]/3.6.1.10.3 | FDT1: N/A FDT2: M FDT3: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NLF131 | Does the network layer inform the next higher layer if the device itself has left the network? | [R1]/3.2.2.17 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLF14 | Does the device support changing of the ZigBee coordinator configuration in an operating network? | [R1]/3.2.2.3, 3.2.2.4, 3.6.1.11 | FDT1: O FDT2: X FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | The ZigBee coordinator shall change the logical channel and PAN ID when directed to by the Network Channel Manager. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | Yes |
| NLF15 | Does the device support changing of the ZigBee router configuration in an operating network? | [R1]/3.2.2.7, 3.2.2.8 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X | The ZigBee router shall change the logical channel and PAN ID when directed to by the Network Channel Manager. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X | Yes |
| NLF16 | Does the network layer support reset? | [R1]/3.2.2.19, 3.2.2.20, 3.6.1.12 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLF17 | Does the network layer allow the next higher layer to synchronize with or extract data from the device’s ZigBee coordinator or router? | [R1]/3.2.2.22, 3.2.2.23 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M | Recommended polling rates for end devices using this feature set:  Maximum: once per 7.5s  Minimum: once per hour  Note that these values represent the (rather loose) recommended boundaries on polling rate for normal operation only.  Additionally, the polling rate established to meet this requirement shall have a maximum value less than *nwkTransactionPersistenceTime* to ensure that child devices can poll frequently enough to retrieve messages prior to expiration in the indirect message queue of their parent*.*  The polling rate established here also does not consider APS acknowledgement timeout (which is much shorter than *nwkTransaction-PersistenceTime).*  If APS acknowledged messages are directed to sleeping end devices, then the polling rate of those destination devices may be adjusted to occur more frequently than the APS acknowledgement timeout. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M | Yes |
| NLF18 | Does the network layer report a loss of synchronization with the device’s ZigBee router or ZigBee coordinator to the next higher layer? | [R1]/3.2.2.23 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: M | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| NLF19 | Does the network layer offer the next higher layer the ability to retrieve network information base (NIB) attributes? | [R1]/3.2.2.26, 3.2.2.27 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLF20 | Does the network layer offer the next higher layer the ability to set network information base (NIB) attributes? | [R1]/3.2.2.28, 3.2.2.29 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLF110 | Does the network layer support network status reporting to the next higher layer? | [R1]/3.2.2.30 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF111 | Does the network layer support Route Discovery? | [R1]/3.2.2.31, 3.2.2.32, 3.6.3.5 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF112 | Does the network layer support Route Discovery requests with DstAddrMode of 0x00 in support of Many-to-One discovery? | [R1]/3.2.2.31, 3.2.2.32, 3.6.3.5 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | Initiation of a Many-to-One route discovery is optional, and should be used in cases where there are relatively few concentrators in the network. Application developers should weigh the trade-offs between Many-to-One discovery and unicast discovery before deploying. | Yes |
| NLF113 | Does the network layer support Route Discovery requests with DstAddrMode of 0x01 in support of Multicast Group Discovery? | [R1]/3.2.2.31, 3.2.2.32, 3.6.3.5, 3.6.6 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | Initiation of route discovery commands where DstAddrMode is 0x01 (Multicast Group Discovery) is optional. | No |
| NLF114 | Does the network layer support Route Discovery requests with DstAddrMode of 0x02 in support of the discovery of Unicast routes? | [R1]/3.2.2.31, 3.2.2.32, 3.6.3.5 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | Initiation of route discovery commands where DstAddrMode is 0x02 (Unicast) is optional.  ZigBee coordinators and ZigBee routers shall support reception and correct handling of unicast discovery commands. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | Yes |
| NLF115 | Does the network layer employ tree routing? | 3.6.3.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | Devices using the ZigBee stack profile must set:  *nwkUseTreeRouting* = TRUE | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | Devices using the ZigBee-PRO stack profile shall set:  *nwkUseTreeRouting* = FALSE | No |
| NLF21 | Does the network layer calculate routing cost based on probability of reception? | 3.6.3.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF22 | Does the network layer maintain a routing table and route discovery table? | [R1]/3.6.3.2 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | ZigBee coordinators and ZigBee routers shall maintain a routing table and a route discovery table as follows:  Routing table (minimum): 8 entries  Route discovery table (minimum): 4 entries | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | ZigBee coordinators and ZigBee routers shall maintain a routing table and a route discovery table as follows:  Routing table (minimum): 10 entries  An aging algorithm is recommended but is beyond the scope of this specification.  Route discovery table entries (minimum): 4 entries  The Route discovery table entries shall be managed as described in [R1] sub-clause 3.6.3.6. | Yes |
| NLF220 | Does the network layer maintain a route record table? | [R1]/3.5.2, 3.6.3.2 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NLF221 | Does the network layer maintain a multicast group ID table? | [R1]/3.6.6.1 | FDT1:O, FDT2:O, FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | ZigBee coordinators and ZigBee routers that use this stack profile shall set *nwkUseMulticast* to FALSE. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| NLF23 | Does the network layer reserve routing capacity for route repair operations?  (Note: This capability has been removed from the ZigBee specification as of r08). | None | X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | N/A |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | N/A |
| NLF24 | Does the device implement beacon collision-avoidance measures? | [R1]/3.6.4 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | N/A |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | N/A |
| NLF25 | Does the network layer support router re-enumeration as a route repair method?  (Note: This capability has been removed from the ZigBee specification as of r10). | None | X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | N/A |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | N/A |
| NLF26 | Does the network layer assume that links are symmetrical and establish forward and reverse routes at the same time? | [R1]/3.5.2, 3.6.3.5.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | Devices using the ZigBee stack profile must set:  *nwkSymLink* = FALSE | N/A |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Devices using the ZigBee-PRO stack profile shall set:  *nwkSymLink* = TRUE | Yes |
| NLF27 | Does the network layer maintain a neighbor table or tables in order to store information about nearby devices? | [R1]/3.6.1.5 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | ZigBee coordinators and ZigBee routers shall maintain a neighbor table or tables as follows:  ZigBee coordinator (minimum): 24 entries  ZigBee router (minimum): 25 entries  ZigBee end device (minimum): 1 entry | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | ZigBee coordinators and ZigBee routers shall maintain a neighbor table or tables as follows:  ZigBee coordinator (minimum): (Number of child end devices accepted) plus 16  ZigBee router (minimum): (Number of child end devices accepted) plus 16  ZigBee end device: 1 (Note: End Device shall support a minimum of 5 neighbor table entries and that entry shall be for their parent) (CCB 2091)  Where (Number of child end devices accepted) is the minimum number of end device children that a particular router or coordinator in the network is configured to accept. | Yes |
| NLF28 | Does the network layer buffer frames pending route discovery or route repair operations? | [R1]/3.6.3.5.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| NLF29 | Does the network layer buffer data frames on behalf of end device that are its children? | [R1]/3.6.5 | FDT1:M FDT2:M FDT3:X | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | ZigBee router and coordinator devices shall set:  Number of frames buffered on behalf of sleeping end devices (minimum): 1  Note that this means 1 frame TOTAL not 1 frame for each end device. In other words, it is up to the implementer to put in some buffering but routers should not be overburdened with, possibly unnecessary, buffering. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Yes |
| NLF30 | Is the device capable of participating in a beacon-oriented network? | [R1]/Preface Definitions and Network Topology sections | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | On invocation of the NLME-NETWORK-FORMATION.request or NLME-START-ROUTER.request primitives, devices shall employ:  BeaconOrder = 0x0f SuperframeOrder = 0x0f | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |
| NLF31 | Does the network layer support the detection of address conflicts? | [R1]/3.6.1.9 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Address conflict detection is mandatory for this stack profile (nwkUniqueAddr = FALSE). The coordinator and all routers shall implement the Address Conflict procedure. | Yes |
| NLF32 | Does the network layer support resolving address conflicts? | [R1]/3.6.1.9.3 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M  FDT3: X | Address conflict resolution is mandatory for this stack profile (nwkUniqueAddr = FALSE). The coordinator and all routers shall implement the Address Conflict procedure. | Yes |
| NLF33 | Does the network layer support the detection of PAN ID conflicts? | [R1]/3.6.1.13 | O | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | FDT1:M FDT2:M FDT3:X | PAN ID conflict resolution is mandatory for the coordinator and routers. Notification of a PAN ID conflict via the NWK Status command frame directed to the nwkManagerAddr is mandatory for all routers and the coordinator. The nwkManagerAddr is required to process all NWK Status command frames directed to it by the coordinator and routers. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1:M FDT2:M FDT3:X | Yes |
| NLF34 | Does the device support resolving PAN ID conflicts? | [R1]/3.6.1.13 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | PAN ID conflict resolution is mandatory for the coordinator and routers. Notification of a PAN ID conflict via the NWK Status command frame directed to the nwkManagerAddr is mandatory for all routers and the coordinator. The nwkManagerAddr is required to process all NWK Status command frames directed to it by the coordinator and routers. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Yes |

#### Network layer frames

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| NDF1 | Does the device support the origination of network data frames? | [R1]/3.3.2.1, 3.6.2.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NDF2 | Does the device support the receipt of network data frames? | [R1]/3.3.2.1, 3.6.2.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NDF3 | Does the device support the relaying of unicast network data frames? | [R1]/3.3.2.1, 3.6.3.3 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| NDF4 | Does the device support relaying of broadcast network data frames? | [R1]/3.3.2.1, 3.6.5 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Devices using the ZigBee stack profile must set:  Broadcast Transaction Table size: 9 (minimum)  nwkBroadcastDeliveryTime = 0x44AA2[[5]](#footnote-6) Octet durations (9 seconds on 2.4 GHz) nwkPassiveAckTimeout = 0x3D09[[6]](#footnote-7) Octet durations[[7]](#footnote-8) (500 ms on 2.4 GHz)maximum nwkMaxBroadcastRetries = 2 | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Devices using the ZigBee-PRO stack profile shall set:  Broadcast Transaction Table size: 9 (minimum)  *nwkBroadcastDeliveryTime* = 0x44AA2[[8]](#footnote-9) Octet durations (9 seconds on 2.4 GHz) *nwkPassiveAckTimeout* = 0x3D09[[9]](#footnote-10) Octet Durations[[10]](#footnote-11) (500 ms on 2.4 GHz) maximum *nwkMaxBroadcastRetries* = 2  Application designers should take care to use multicast and broadcast sparingly due to the limitations of the broadcast bandwidth of a network. | Yes |
| NDF100 | Does the device support relaying of multicast network data frames? | [R2]/3.3.2.1, 3.6.6 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | The coordinator and all routers in a PRO network shall be able to relay member mode multicast network data frames. | No |
| NDF101 | Does the device support the relaying of source routed network data frames? | [R2]/3.3.2.1, 3.6.3.3.2 | FDT1:O, FDT2:O, FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NDF102 | Does the device support conditionally setting the End Device Initiator bit of the NWK frame control? | [R1]/3.3.1.1.9 |  | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NDF103 | Does the device support processing NWK data frames with the End Device Initiator bit set? | [R1]/3.6.2.2 |  | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NDF104 | Does the device support aging out children that have not sent a keepalive within the configured timeout? | [R1]/3.6.10 |  | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NDF105 | Does the device support reception of a MAC Data poll as an End Device Keepalive? | [R1]/3.6.10.4 | O | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: M | It is permissible to not have support for this if NDF106 is supported. | Yes |
| NDF106 | Does the device support reception of an end device timeout keep alive? ? (CCB 2144) | [R1]/3.6.10.5 | M | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: MFDT2: M FDT3: M | It is permissible to not have support for this if NDF105 is supported. | Yes |
| NDF107 | Does the device support persistence of the end device configuration for end devices? | [R1]/3.6.10.8 |  | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NDF108 | Does the device support sending a NWK leave message to an end device that is NOT in its neighbor table? | [R1]/3.6.10.4.1 | M | **ZigBee-PRO /**  **ZigBee MB** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | It is permissible to not have support for this if NDF109 is supported  NDF105 must be supported to support NDF108 (CCB 2239). | Yes |
| NDF109 | Does the device support sending a ZDO\_Mgmt \_Leave\_Req message to an end device that is NOT in its neighbor table? | [R1]/3.6.10.4.1 |  | **ZigBee-PRO /**  **ZigBee MB** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | It is permissible to not have support for this if NDF108 is supported.  NDF105 must be supported to support NDF109 (CCB 2239). | Yes |
| NDF110 | Does the end device support timing itself when it does not send a keepalive to its router parent within its timeout? | [R1]/3.6.10.7 |  | **ZigBee-PRO /**  **ZigBee MB** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| F-GP1 | Does the device support the Green Power Feature?  (CCB 2240) | [R1]/2.1.2 | O | **ZigBee-PRO /**  **ZigBee MB** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | Refer to Refer to [R7] and [R8] for additional details  The Green Power cluster if implemented shall use endpoint 242. | Yes |
| NDF201 | Does the device support reception of ZigBee NWK frames with non-incremental sequence number in the NWK header Sequence Number field? | [R1]/4.3.1.1, 4.3.1.2 | M | **ZigBee-PRO /**  **ZigBee MB** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: O | Included use of GP.  Unconditionally mandatory for R22 CORE stack and later for all devices (CCB 2240) | Yes |

#### Network command frames

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| NCF1 | Does the device support the origination of route request command frames? | [R1]/3.4.1, 3.6.3.5.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF2 | Does the device support the receipt of route request command frames? | [R1]/3.4.1, 3.6.3.5.2 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF3 | Does the device support the relaying of route request command frames? | [R1]/3.4.1, 3.6.3.5.2 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF4 | Does the device support the origination of route reply command frames? | [R1]/3.4.2, 3.6.3.5.2 | FDT1:M, FDT2:M, FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF5 | Does the device support the receipt of route reply command frames? | [R1]/3.4.2, 3.6.3.5.3 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF6 | Does the device support the relaying of route reply command frames? | [R1]/3.4.2, 3.6.3.5.3 | FDT1:M, FDT2:M, FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF7 | Does the device support the transmission of network status command frames? | [R1]/3.4.3, 3.6.1.9.3, 3.6.3.3, 3.6.3.7.1 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF8 | Does the device support the receipt of network status command frames? | [R1]/3.4.3, 3.6.1.9.3, 3.6.3.7.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF9 | Does the device support the relaying of network command frames? In particular, does it support the relaying of those command frames, specifically network status, network report and network update, which require relaying but for which there are no special per-hop processing requirements? | [R1]/3.4.3, 3.4.9, 3.4.10 | FDT1:M, FDT2:M, FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF100 | Does the device support the origination of leave command frames? | [R1]/3.4.4, 3.6.1.10 | FDT1:O, FDT2:O, FDT3:O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NCF101 | Does the device support the receipt of leave command frames? | [R1]/3.4.4, 3.6.1.10 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NCF103 | Does the device support the origination of route record command frames? | [R1]/3.4.5, 3.6.3.5.4 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF104 | Does the device support the receipt of route record command frames? | [R1]/3.4.5, 3.6.3.5.4 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF105 | Does the device support the relaying of route record command frames? | [R1]/3.4.5, 3.6.3.5.4 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF106 | Does the device support the transmission of rejoin request command frames? | [R1]/3.4.6, 3.7.1.3.2.1 | FDT1:X FDT2:M FDT3:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NCF107 | Does the device support the reception of rejoin request command frames? | [R1]/3.4.6, 3.7.1.3.2.2 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF108 | Does the device support the transmission of rejoin response command frames? | [R1]/3.4.7, 3.7.1.3.2.2 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF109 | Does the device support the reception of rejoin response command frames? | [R1]/3.4.7, 3.7.1.3.2.1 | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NCF110 | Does the device support the generation of a network report command frame. | [R1]/3.4.9, 3.6.1.13.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NCF111 | Does the device support the reception of a network report command frame | [R1]/3.4.9, 3.6.1.13.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | While this feature is optional, one device in the network must be designated as the network manager and for that device this feature is mandatory. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | Yes |
| NCF112 | Does the device support the generation of a network update command frame. | [R1]/3.4.10, 3.6.1.13.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | While this feature is optional, one device in the network must be designated as the network manager and for that device this feature is mandatory. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | Yes |
| NCF113 | Does the device support the reception of a network update command frame | [R1]/3.4.10, 3.6.1.13.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| NCF114 | Does the device support the generation of a link status command frame. | [R1]/3.4.8, 3.6.3.4.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF115 | Does the device support the reception of a link status command frame. | [R1]/3.4.8, 3.6.1.5, 3.6.3.4.2 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| NCF116[[11]](#footnote-12) | Does the device support ignoring the NWK leave command? | [R1]/3.5.2,  3.6.1.10.3 | FDT1:O  FDT2: O  FDT3:X | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | Yes |

## Security PICS

### ZigBee security roles

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| SR1 | Is this device capable of acting in the role of a trust center? | [R1]/1.4, 4.6.2 | FDT1: M FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: O FDT3: X | Upon initial network formation, the coordinator must at least temporarily serve as the trust center. After formation, at least one of the routers or the coordinator must be capable of acting in the role of the trust center. It is an application responsibility to transition the trust center from the coordinator to another router device pointed to by apsTrust-CenterAddress within all devices in the network if desired. For the device whose address is apsTrustCenterAddress, it is mandatory to act in the role of the trust center. All devices in the network shall maintain a single consistent definition of apsTrust-CenterAddress. It is possible, under application control, to change apsTrustCenter-Address during later network operation, however, it is the application’s responsibility to ensure that all devices in the network are notified of the change.  Trust center must be collocated with ZC (short address 0x0000) throughout network life (CCB 2178) | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: O FDT3: X | Yes |

### ZigBee trust center capabilities

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| TCC1 | Is this device capable of acting as a ZigBee trust center in high security mode? | [R1]/1.4.1.2, 4.6.2.1 | SR1:O.2 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: O.2 | Every PRO network shall have a Trust Center either running in Standard or High Security mode  The device designated as the Trust Center shall be declared a concentrator in a PRO network and a Many to One route shall be created to the Trust Center.  At least one of TCC1 or TCC2 must be supported if the device supports SR1.  Trust center must be collocated with ZC (short address 0x0000) throughout network life (CCB 2178) | No[[12]](#footnote-13) |
| TCC2 | Is this device capable of acting as a ZigBee trust center in standard mode? | [R1]/1.4.1.2, 4.6.2.2 | SR1:O.2 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: O.2 | Every PRO network shall have a Trust Center either running in Standard or High Security mode  The device designated as the Trust Center shall be declared a concentrator in a PRO network and a Many to One route shall be created to the Trust Center.  At least one of TCC1 or TCC2 must be supported if the device supports SR1.  Trust center must be collocated with ZC (short address 0x0000) throughout network life (CCB 2178) | Yes |

### Modes of operation

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MOO1 | Is this device capable of operating in a network secured with a trust center running in high security mode? | [R1]/1.4.1.2, 4.6.2.1 | O.3 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O.3 | A PRO device shall join a PRO network either running in Standard or High Security mode.  At least one of MOO1 or MOO2 must be supported. | No12 |
| MOO2 | Is this device capable of operating in a network secured with a trust center running in standard mode? | [R1]/1.4.1.2, 4.6.2.2 | O.3 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O.3 | A PRO device shall join a PRO network either running in Standard or High Security mode.  At least one of MOO1 or MOO2 must be supported. | Yes |

### Security levels

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| SL1 | Is this device capable of supporting security level 0x01? | [R1]/4.5.1.1.1 | O.4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | The device shall not apply security to outgoing frames or accept secured incoming frames using any level other than level 0x05. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |
| SL2 | Is this device capable of supporting security level 0x02? | [R1]/4.5.1.1.1 | O.4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | The device shall not apply security to outgoing frames or accept secured incoming frames using any level other than level 0x05. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |
| SL3 | Is this device capable of supporting security level 0x03? | [R1]/4.5.1.1.1 | O.4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | The device shall not apply security to outgoing frames or accept secured incoming frames using any level other than level 0x05. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |
| SL4 | Is this device capable of supporting security level 0x04? | [R1]/4.5.1.1.1 | O.4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | The device shall not apply security to outgoing frames or accept secured incoming frames using any level other than level 0x05. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |
| SL5 | Is this device capable of supporting security level 0x05? | [R1]/4.5.1.1.1 | O.4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | The device shall apply security to outgoing frames or accept secured incoming frames using only level 0x05 (i.e., ENC-MIC-32) | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Yes |
| SL6 | Is this device capable of supporting security level 0x06? | [R1]/4.5.1.1.1 | O.4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | The device shall not apply security to outgoing frames or accept secured incoming frames using any level other than level 0x05. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |
| SL7 | Is this device capable of supporting security level 0x07? | [R1]/4.5.1.1.1 | O.4 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | The device shall not apply security to outgoing frames or accept secured incoming frames using any level other than level 0x05. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |

### NWK layer security

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| NLS1 | Does the device support the security processing of NWK layer outgoing frames? | [R1]/4.3.1.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLS2 | Does the device support the security processing of NWK layer incoming frames? | [R1]/4.3.1.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLS3 | Does the device support the ZigBee secured NWK layer frame format? | [R1]/4.3.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLS4 | Does the device support the ability to manage at least one network key and corresponding outgoing frame counter? | [R1]/4.2.1.3, 4.3.3 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| NLS5 | Does the device support the ability to manage two network keys and corresponding outgoing frame counter? | [R1]/4.2.1.3, 4.3.1, 4.3.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | All devices shall maintain at least 2 NWK keys with the frame counters consistent with the security mode of the network (Standard or High).  A NWK key of all zero’s shall be treated as reserved. Due to the fact that a NWK key of all zero’s was used as a “dummy key” and employed in the trust center exchange where pre-configured keys are used, a NWK key of all zero’s is indistinguishable from transport of a dummy key. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Yes |
| NLS7 | Does the device support at least one frame counter for incoming NWK layer frames for each potential source of incoming frames (e.g., a coordinator or router should support the same number of counters per network key as the maximum number of neighbor table entries and an end device should support one counter per network key)? | [R1]/4.2.1.3, 4.3.1, 4.3.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | Devices using this stack profile in Standard Security and High Security mode shall store a single frame counter per neighbor table entry associated with the current NWK Key. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Yes |
| NLS8 | Does the device support a setting to indicate that all incoming NWK frames must be checked for freshness (i.e., *nwkAllFresh*). | [R1]/4.4.1.2, 4.6.2.1, 4.6.2.2 | MOO1: M MOO2: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | See also the trust centre policies document [R4]. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | Yes |
| NLS9 | Does the device support the ability to secure all incoming and outgoing NWK frames (i.e., the *nwkSecureAllFrames* attribute of the NIB)? | [R1]/4.2.3, 4.6 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | Devices using the ZigBee and ZigBee-PRO feature sets shall set:  nwkSecureAllFrames = TRUE | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Yes |
| NLS10 | Does the device support the ability to reject frames from neighbors which have not been properly authenticated? | [R1]/4.2.3, 4.6 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | Coordinator and Router devices employing ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Mode security shall not reject frames from neighbors which have not been properly authenticated. Coordinator and Router devices employing ZigBee PRO High Security shall reject frames from neighbors which have not been properly authenticated. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | No |

### APS layer security

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ASLS1 | Does the device support the security processing of APS layer outgoing frames? | [R1]/4.4.1.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ASLS2 | Does the device support the security processing of APS layer incoming frames? | [R1]/4.4.1.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ASLS3 | Does the device support the ZigBee secured APS layer frame format? | [R1]/4.4.7.3 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ASLS4 | Does the device support the ability to manage trust center master keys? | [R1]/4.4.3, 4.4.10, 4.6.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Mode security, trust center master keys are optional for all devices. In ZigBee PRO High Security, trust center master keys mandatory for all devices. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | No12 |
| ASLS5 | Does the device support the ability to manage application master keys? | [R1]/4.2.3.5, 4.4.3, 4.4.6, 4.4.10, 4.6.3.5 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard and ZigBee PRO High security modes, application master keys are optional for all devices. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | No12 |
| ASLS6 | Does the device support the ability to manage application data keys and corresponding security material (e.g., the incoming and outgoing frame counters)? | [R1]/4.2.1.3, 4.4.1, 4.4.10 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| ASLS7 | Does the device support network key incoming frame counters for incoming APS layer frames secured with the network key? | [R1]/4.4.1.2, 4.3.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Mode or ZigBee-PRO High Mode security use nwkSecure-AllFrames=TRUE, the APS security header is not employed when the network key is used for incoming APS layer frames. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |
| ASLS8 | Does the device support establish-key service using the Symmetric-Key Key Establishment (SKKE) protocol? | [R1]/4.2.3.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.9.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Mode security, SKKE is optional for all devices. In ZigBee PRO High Security, SKKE is mandatory for all devices. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | No12 |
| ASLS9 | Does the device support the origination of transport-key commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.2, 4.4.3, 4.4.9.2 | SR1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ASLS10 | Does the device support the receipt of transport-key commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.2, 4.4.3, 4.4.9.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | A newly joined device in ZigBee or ZigBee PRO Standard and ZigBee PRO High Security shall be capable of receiving the NWK key from the trust center via transport-key commands. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Yes |
| ASLS11 | Does the device support the origination of update-device commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.3, 4.4.4, 4.4.9.3 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| ASLS12 | Does the device support the receipt of update-device commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.3, 4.4.4, 4.4.9.3 | SR1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ASLS13 | Does the device support the origination of remove-device commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.4, 4.4.5, 4.4.9.4 | SR1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ASLS14 | Does the device support the receipt of remove-device commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.4, 4.4.5, 4.4.9.4 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | The trust center shall be able to ask a ZigBee router or the ZigBee coordinator to request that a child device leave the network. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | Yes |
| ASLS15 | Does the device support the origination of request-key commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.5, 4.4.6, 4.4.9.5 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| ASLS16 | Does the device support the receipt of request-key commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.5, 4.4.6, 4.4.9.5 | SR1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ASLS17 | Does the device support origination of switch-key commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.6, 4.4.7, 4.4.9.6 | SR1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ASLS18 | Does the device support receipt of switch-key commands? | [R1]/4.2.3.6, 4.4.7, 4.4.9.6 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ASLS19 | Does the device support origination of tunnel commands? | [R1]/4.4.3.1, 4.4.9.8 | SR1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard security, the ability to originate tunnel commands from the Trust Center is optional unless using link keys. In ZigBee PRO High Security, it is mandatory. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | Yes |
| ASLS20 | Does the device support receipt of tunnel commands? | [R1]/4.4.3.1, 4.4.9.8 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | MOO2: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard and High security, the ability for the coordinator and all routers to receive tunnel commands is mandatory. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO1: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X  MOO2: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | Yes |
| ASLS21 | Does the device support the authentication service using the entity authentication protocol? | [R1]/4.2.3.7, 4.4.8, 4.4.9.7 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | MOO2: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard security, the ability to support the authentication service using the entity authentication protocol is optional. In ZigBee PRO High Security, it is mandatory. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO1: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X  MOO2: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | No12 |

### Application layer security

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ALS1 | Is this device capable of learning and maintaining knowledge of its trust center using the *apsTrust-CenterAddress* attribute in the AIB? | [R1]/4.4.11, 4.6.2.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | Trust Center must initially reside on the ZigBee coordinator but may, under application control, move to any router on the PAN as long as all devices in the PAN have their apsTrustCenterAddress attribute updated appropriately by the application.  Trust Center must be collocated with ZC (short address 0x0000) throughout network life (CCB 2178) | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ALS2 | Is this device capable of following the “joining a secure network procedure” in the role of a router? | [R1]/4.6.3.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| ALS3 | Is this device capable of following the “joining a secure network procedure” in the role of a joining device? | [R1]/4.6.3.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| ALS4 | Is this device capable of following the “authentication procedure” in the role of a trust center? | [R1]/4.6.3.2, 4.6.3.2.2.1 | TCC1: O TCC2: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ALS5 | Is this device capable of following the “authentication procedure” in the role of a router? | [R1]/4.6.3.2, 4.6.3.2.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| ALS6 | Is this device capable of following the “authentication procedure” in the role of a joining device with a preconfigured network key? | [R1]/4.6.3.2, 4.6.3.2.3.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | For devices implementing ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security, following the “authentication procedure” in the role of joining device with a pre-configured network key is optional. For devices implementing ZigBee PRO High Security, it is prohibited. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | No[[13]](#footnote-14) |
| ALS7 | Is this device capable of following the “authentication procedure” in the role of a joining device with a preconfigured trust center link key? | [R1]/4.6.3.2, 4.6.3.2.3.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | For devices implementing ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security, following the “authentication procedure” in the role of joining device with a pre-configured trust center link key is optional. For devices implementing ZigBee PRO High Security, it is mandatory unless the ZigBee PRO High Security Trust Center policy permits in the clear delivery of the master key. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | Yes |
| ALS8 | Is this device capable of following the “authentication procedure” in the role of a joining device without preconfigured network or trust center link keys? | [R1]/4.6.3.2, 4.6.3.2.3.3 | O | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | O | For devices implementing ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security, following the “authentication procedure” in the role of joining device without a pre-configured trust center link key is optional and supported by default due to the requirement to permit ZigBee Residential Security Mode devices onto PRO Standard Security networks as end devices. For devices implementing ZigBee PRO High Security, it is optional and supported only if the ZigBee PRO High Security Trust Center policy permits in the clear delivery of the master key. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | Yes |
| ALS9 | Is this device capable of following the “network key update procedure” in the role of a trust center? | [R1]/4.6.3.4, 4.6.3.4.1 | TCC1: O TCC2: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ALS10 | Is this device capable of following the “network key update procedure” in the role of a network device? | [R1]/4.6.3.4, 4.6.3.4.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| ALS11 | Is this device capable of following the “network key recovery procedure” in the role of a trust center? |  | TCC1:O.1 TCC2:O.1 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | This item was deprecated. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |
| ALS12 | Is this device capable of following the “network key recovery procedure” in the role of a network device? |  | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X | This item was deprecated. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | No |
| ALS13 | Is this device capable of following the “end-to-end application key establishment procedure” in the role of a trust center? | [R1]/4.6.3.5, 4.6.3.5.2 | TCC1: O TCC2: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: O | For ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security, it is optional for the trust center to perform the “end-to-end application key establishment” procedure. For ZigBee PRO High Security, it is mandatory. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: O | Yes |
| ALS14 | Is this device capable of following the "end-to-end application key establishment procedure" in the role of a device receiving a master key for use with the SKKE protocol? | [R1]/4.6.3.5, 4.6.3.5.1, 4.6.3.5.1.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | For ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security and ZigBee PRO High Security, it is optional for the network devices to perform the “end-to-end application key establishment” procedure. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | No12 |
| ALS15 | Is this device capable of following the “end-to-end application key establishment procedure” in the role of a device directly receiving a link key? | [R1]/4.6.3.5, 4.6.3.5.1, 4.6.3.5.1.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | For ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security and ZigBee PRO High Security, it is optional for the network devices to perform the “end-to-end application key establishment” procedure. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | Yes |
| ALS16 | Is this device capable of following the “network leave procedure” in the role of a trust center? | [R1]/4.6.3.6, 4.6.3.6.1 | TCC1: O TCC2: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ALS17 | Is this device capable of following the “network leave procedure” in the role of a router? | [R1]/4.6.3.6, 4.6.3.6.2 | FDT1:O, FDT2:O, FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| ALS18 | Is this device capable of following the “network leave procedure” in the role of a leaving device? | [R1]/4.6.3.6, 4.6.3.6.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| ALS19 | Is this device capable of following the “intra-PAN portability procedure” in the role of a parent? | [R1]/4.6.3.3, 4.6.3.3.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| ALS20 | Is this device capable of following the “intra-PAN portability procedure” in the role of an end device? | [R1]/4.6.3.3, 4.6.3.3.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| ALS21 | Is this device capable of following the “command tunneling procedure” in the role of a trust center device? | [R1]/4.6.3.8, 4.6.3.8.1 | TCC1: O TCC2: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: O | For ZigBee PRO High Security, the command tunneling procedure in the role of a trust center device is mandatory. For ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security, it is optional. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: O | Yes |
| ALS22 | Is this device capable of following the “command tunneling procedure” in the role of a router? | [R1]/4.6.3.8, 4.6.3.8.2 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | For ZigBee PRO High Security, the command tunneling procedure in the role of a router device is mandatory. For ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security, it is optional. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | Yes |
| ALS23 | Does the device support the permissions configuration table? | [R1]/4.2.3.8, 4.6.3.8 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | The Permissions Configuration Table is optional for all devices. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | No |

## Application layer PICS

### ZigBee security device types

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| SDT1 | Is this device capable of acting as a ZigBee Trust Center? | [R1]/4.2.4, 4.6.2 | O.2 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: O FDT3: X | This item was deprecated in favor of SR1. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: O FDT3: X | Yes |
| SDT2 | Is this device capable of joining a secure ZigBee network only as a device? | [R1]/4.6.3 | O.2 | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |

### ZigBee APS frame format

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AFF1 | Does the device support the general ZigBee APS frame format? | [R1]/2.2.5.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AFF2 | Does the device support the ZigBee APS data frame format? | [R1]/2.2.5.2.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AFF3 | Does the device support the ZigBee APS command frame format? | [R1]/2.2.5.2.2, 2.2.6 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AFF4 | Does the device support the ZigBee APS acknowledgement frame format? | [R1]/2.2.5.2.3 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |

### Major capabilities of the ZigBee application layer

Tables in the following subclauses detail the capabilities of the APL layer for ZigBee devices.

#### Application layer functions

##### Application Support Sub-layer functions

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ALF1 | Does the application support sub-layer support transmission of data by the next higher layer? | [R1]/2.2.4.1.1, 2.2.4.1.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ALF200 | Does the device support transmission of outgoing APS frames within APSDE with the DstAddrMode set to 0x00 (indirect) | [R1]/2.2.4.1.1 | O | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | X | This must be handled by the application. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X | Yes |
| ALF201 | Does the device support transmission of outgoing APS frames within APSDE with the DstAddrMode set to 0x01 (group addressed) | [R1]/2.2.4.1.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ALF202 | Does the device support transmission of outgoing APS frames within APSDE with the DstAddrMode set to 0x02 (unicast using NWK address and Destination Endpoint) | [R1]/2.2.4.1.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ALF203 | Does the device support transmission of outgoing APS frames within APSDE with the DstAddrMode set to 0x03 (unicast using IEEE address and Destination Endpoint) | [R1]/2.2.4.1.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| ALF2 | Does the application support sub-layer support reception of data by the next higher layer at the endpoint supplied by the incoming packet? | [R1]/2.2.4.1.3 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ALF300 | Does the device support reception of incoming APS frames within APSDE with the DstAddrMode set to 0x00 (indirect) | [R1]/2.2.4.1.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| ALF301 | Does the device support reception of incoming APS frames within APSDE with the DstAddrMode set to 0x01 (group addressed) | [R1]/2.2.4.1.3 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ALF302 | Does the device support reception of incoming APS frames within APSDE with the DstAddrMode set to 0x02 (unicast using NWK address and Destination Endpoint) | [R1]/2.2.4.1.3 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ALF3 | Does the application support sub-layer support BIND and UNBIND requests and confirms? | [R1]/2.2.4.3.1, 2.2.4.3.2, 2.2.4.3.3, 2.2.4.3.4 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | Binding support is optional for all devices, except that:   * Source binding only is supported (coordinator based binding is disallowed) * All devices shall minimally respond with NOT\_IMPLEMENTED   The ZigBee Coordinator shall implement the mechanism for matching end device bind requests (AZD24; FDT1: M). | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | Yes |
| ALF4 | Does the device’s application support sub- layer offer the next higher layer the ability to get application information base (AIB) attributes. | [R1]/2.2.4.4.1, 2.2.4.4.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ALF5 | Does the device’s application support sub- layer offer the next higher layer the ability to set application information base (AIB) attributes. | [R1]/2.2.4.4.3, 2.2.4.4.4 | M | **ZigBee**  **PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ALF100 | Does the application support sub-layer support ADD GROUP requests and confirms? | [R1]/2.2.4.5.1, 2.2.4.5.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | If supported, the group table in the APS shall contain a minimum of 16 group addresses. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | Yes |
| ALF101 | Does the application support sub-layer support REMOVE GROUP requests and confirms? | [R1]/ 2.2.4.5.3, 2.2.4.5.4 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| ALF102 | Does the application support sub-layer support REMOVE ALL GROUPS requests and confirms? | [R1]/ 2.2.4.5.5, 2.2.4.5.6 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |

##### Application layer frames

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ADF1 | Does the device support the origination of application data frames. | [R1]/2.2.5.1, 2.2.5.2.1, 2.2.8.4.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| ADF2 | Does the device support the receipt of application data frames. | [R1]/2.2.5.1 2.2.5.2.1, 2.2.8.3.2, 2.2.8.3.3 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Yes |
| ADF3 | Does the device support the origination of application data frames with the auxiliary APS security header? | [R1]/ 2.2.5.1, 2.2.5.2.1, 2.2.8.4.1, 4.4.1.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | Use of the auxiliary APS security header is optional for all devices. The application profiles shall determine requirements for use of the auxiliary APS security header. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | Yes |
| ADF4 | Does the device support the receipt of application data frames with the auxiliary APS security header? | [R1]/ 2.2.5.1 2.2.5.2.1, 2.2.8.3.2, 2.2.8.3.3, 4.4.1.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | Use of the auxiliary APS security header is optional for all devices. The application profiles shall determine requirements for use of the auxiliary APS security header. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | Yes |
| ADF5 | Does the device support the origination of application data frames with the extended APS fragmentation/re-assembly header? | [R1]/ 2.2.5.1, 2.2.5.2.1, 2.2.8.4.1, 2.2.5.1.8, 2.2.8.4.5.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | Use of the extended APS fragmentation/re-assembly header is optional, but in all cases the parameters shall be set by agreement within specific application profiles.  Devices using the ZigBee and ZigBee-PRO feature sets shall set:  *Config\_Max\_ZDO-\_Payload = 0* (i.e. for compatibility with the earlier ZigBee feature set, ZDO messages shall not be fragmented) | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | No |
| ADF6 | Does the device support the receipt of application data frames with the extended APS fragmentation/re-assembly header? | [R1]/ 2.2.5.1 2.2.5.2.1, 2.2.8.3.2, 2.2.8.3.3, 2.2.5.1.8, 2.2.8.4.5.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | Use of the extended APS fragmentation/re-assembly header is optional, but in all cases the parameters shall be set by agreement within specific application profiles.  Devices using the ZigBee and ZigBee-PRO feature sets shall set:  *Config\_Max\_ZDO-\_Payload = 0* (i.e. for compatibility with the earlier ZigBee feature set, ZDO messages shall not be fragmented) | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | No |

##### Application layer command frames

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ACF500 | Does the device support the origination of command frames with the auxiliary APS security header? | [R1]/ 2.2.5.1, 2.2.5.2.2, 2.2.6, 4.4.1.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| ACF501 | Does the device support the receipt of command frames with the auxiliary APS security header? | [R1]/ 2.2.5.1 2.2.5.2.1, 2.2.6, 2.2.8.3.3, 4.4.1.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| ACF1 | Does the device support the origination of application command frames from the Trust Center. | [R1]/4.4.9, 4.6.2, 4.6.3.2, 4.6.3.3, 4.6.3.4, 4.6.3.5, 4.6.3.6, 4.6.3.7 | SDT1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ACF100 | Does the device support the origination of Key Establishment application command frames from the Trust Center? | [R1]/4.4.9.1 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: O | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security Mode, it is optional to originate Key Establishment command frames from the Trust Center. In ZigBee PRO High Security, it is mandatory. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: O | Yes |
| ACF101 | Does the device support the origination of Transport Key application command frames from the Trust Center? | [R1]/4.4.9.2 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security Mode, it is mandatory to originate Transport Key command frames from the Trust Center for Key Type 1 (Network Key Standard Mode). In ZigBee PRO High Security Mode, it is mandatory to originate Transport Key command frames from the Trust Center for Key Type 0 (Trust Center Master Key) and Key Type 5 (Network Key High Security Mode). It is optional in either ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security or High Security to originate Transport Key command frames for Key Types 4 (Trust Center Link Key), Key Type 2 (Application Master Key) and Key Type 3 (Application Link Key). | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M | Yes |
| ACF102 | Does the device support the origination of Remove Device application command frames from the Trust Center? | [R1]/4.4.9.4 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M | Yes |
| ACF103 | Does the device support the origination of Switch Key application command frames from the Trust Center? | [R1]/4.4.9.6 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ACF104 | Does the device support the origination of entity authentication application command frames? | [R1]/4.4.9.7 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO2: O MOO1: M | No12 |
| ACF2 | Does the device support the receipt of application command frames at the Trust Center | [R1]/4.4.9, 4.6.2, 4.6.3.2, 4.6.3.3, 4.6.3.4, 4.6.3.5, 4.6.3.6, 4.6.3.7 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M | Mandatory for the trust centre and optional for other devices. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M | Yes |
| ACF200 | Does the device support the receipt of Key Establishment application command frames at the Trust Center? | [R1]/4.4.9.1 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: O | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security Mode, it is optional to receive Key Establishment command frames from the Trust Center. In ZigBee PRO High Security, it is mandatory. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: O | No12 |
| ACF201 | Does the device support the receipt of Transport Key application command frames at the Trust Center? | [R1]/4.4.9.2 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security Mode, it is mandatory to receive Transport Key command frames from the Trust Center for Key Type 1 (Network Key Standard Mode). In ZigBee PRO High Security Mode, it is mandatory to receive Transport Key command frames from the Trust Center for Key Type 0 (Trust Center Master Key) and Key Type 5 (Network Key High Security Mode). It is optional in ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security to receive Transport Key command frames for Key Types 4 (Trust Center Link Key), Key Type 2 (Application Master Key) and Key Type 3 (Application Link Key). It is prohibited in ZigBee PRO High Security to receive Transport Key command frames for Key Types 4 (Trust Center Link Key) and optional to receive Transport Key command frames for Key Type 2 (Application Master Key) and Key Type 3 (Application Link Key). | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M | Yes |
| ACF202 | Does the device support the receipt of Update Device application command frames at the Trust Center? | [R1]/4.4.9.3 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ACF203 | Does the device support the receipt of Request Key application command frames at the Trust Center? | [R1]/4.4.9.5 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M | Yes |
| ACF204 | Does the device support the receipt of entity authentication application command frames? | [R1]/4.4.9.7 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO1: M MOO2: O | No12 |
| ACF3 | Does the device support the origination of application command frames from a non-Trust Center device. | [R1]/4.4.9, 4.6.3 | SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: O | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security, non Trust Center devices may optionally originate application command frames. In ZigBee PRO High Security, all non Trust Center routers and the coordinator shall originate application command frames and end devices may originate application command frames. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | MOO1: FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M  MOO2: FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: O | Yes |
| ACF300 | Does the device support the origination of Key Establishment application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.1, 4.6.3.5 | SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security, it is optional for all devices to support origination of Key Establishment command frames from a non Trust Center device. In ZigBee PRO High Security, it is mandatory for all devices to support origination of Key Establishment command frames from a non Trust Center device. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | Yes |
| ACF301 | Does the device support the origination of Transport Key application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.2 | SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| ACF302 | Does the device support the origination of Update Device application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.3, 4.6.3.4 | SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O | Assumes it is legal to have the Trust Center on a non-ZigBee Coordinator device for the ZigBee feature set via ZigBee-2007 | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O | Yes |
| ACF303 | Does the device support the origination of Request Key application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.5 | SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| ACF304 | Does the device support the origination of Authenticate application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.7, 4.6.3.2 | SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | No12 |
| ACF4 | Does the device support the receipt of application command frames from a non-Trust Center device. | [R1]/4.4.9, 4.6.3 | SDT1:M, SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O | In all ZigBee and ZigBee PRO security modes, the Trust Center shall receive application command frames from non Trust Center devices. In ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security, all non Trust Center routers and the coordinator shall receive application command frames. In ZigBee PRO High Security, all non Trust Center devices shall receive application command frames. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O | Yes |
| ACF400 | Does the device support the receipt of Key Establishment application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.1, 4.6.3.5 | SDT1:M, SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | For all devices in ZigBee PRO Standard Security, receipt of Key Establishment application command frames from a non Trust Center device is optional. In ZigBee PRO High Security, receipt of Key Establishment application command frames from non Trust Center devices is mandatory in all devices. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | Yes |
| ACF401 | Does the device support the receipt of Transport Key application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.2 | SDT1:M, SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M SDT2: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M SDT2: M |  | Yes |
| ACF402 | Does the device support the receipt of Update Device application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.3, 4.6.3.4 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ACF403 | Does the device support the receipt of Request Key application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.5 | SDT1:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| ACF404 | Does the device support the receipt of entity authenticate application command frames from a non-Trust Center device? | [R1]/4.4.9.7, 4.6.3.2 | SDT1:M SDT2:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | Need a comment that this feature is optional in ZigBee and ZigBee PRO Standard Security and mandatory for all devices in ZigBee PRO High Security. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O | No12 |
| ACF405[[14]](#footnote-15) | Does the device support the receipt of a Transport Key message APS encrypted with the default TC link key? | [R1]/4.2.1.3 | FDT1: X  FDT2: M  FDT3: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SDT1:X  SDT2:M | Yes |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ACF406[[15]](#footnote-16) | Does the device support the transmission of a Transport Key message APS encrypted with the default TC link key? | [R1]/4.2.1.3 | FDT1:M  FDT2:X  FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SDT1:M  SDT2:X | Yes |

##### Application acknowledgement frames

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AFR1 | Does the device support the origination of application acknowledgement frames. | [R1]/2.2.8.3.1, 2.2.8.3.3 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AFR2 | Does the device support the receipt of application acknowledgement frames? | [R1]/2.2.8.3.2, 2.2.8.3.3 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |

##### ZigBee Device Objects functions

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AZD700 | Does the device support the permissions configuration table? | [R1]/4.6.3.8 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | No |
| AZD701 | Does the device support the ModifyPermissionsCapabilityTable element of the permissions configuration table? | [R1]/4.6.3.8 | AZD700: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| AZD702 | Does the device support the NetworkSettings element of the permissions configuration table? | [R1]/4.6.3.8 | AZD700: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| AZD703 | Does the device support the Application-Settings element of the permissions configuration table? | [R1]/4.6.3.8 | AZD700: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| AZD704 | Does the device support the SecuritySettings element of the permissions configuration table? | [R1]/4.6.3.8 | AZD700: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| AZD705 | Does the device support the Application-Commands element of the permissions configuration table? | [R1]/4.6.3.8 | AZD700: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| AZD706 | Does the device support the SKKEWith-MasterKey element of the permissions configuration table? | [R1]/4.6.3.8 | AZD700: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD700: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD700: O |  | No12 |
| AZD707 | Does the device support the NWK rejoin procedure? | [R1]/ 3.6.1.4.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M | Support of the rejoin mechanism for recovering from a missed network update (of any kind) is mandatory ([R1] Section 2.5.5.5.4).  The length of time between hearing from its parent, or from the ZigBee coordinator, beyond which a ZigBee router shall initiate steps to rejoin the “fragment” of the network which has the ZigBee coordinator in it, is left up to the application designer. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Yes |
| AZD600 | Does the device act as a Binding Table Cache? | [R1]/2.5.5.5.3 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD601 | Does the device perform the Intra-PAN portability parent procedure? | [R1]/2.5.5.5.4 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| AZD602 | Does the device perform the Intra-PAN portability child procedure? | [R1]/2.5.5.5.4 | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| AZD603 | Does the device support the Configuration Parameters, Startup Procedures and Additional Configuration Parameters? | [R1]/2.5.5.5.6.1, 2.5.5.5.6.2, 2.5.5.5.6.3 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O | For the ChannelMask parameter, in the 2.4 Ghz band, channel 26 shall either not be used or else a special provision for limited transmission power shall be imposed to permit U.S. FCC operations. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M | Yes |
| AZD1 | Does the device support the mandatory Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AZD2 | Does the device support the mandatory attributes of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AZD3 | Does the device support the optional attributes of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes[[16]](#footnote-17) |
| AZD4 | Does the device support the optional NWK address client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD5 | Does the device support the optional IEEE address client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD6 | Does the device support the optional Node Descriptor client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD7 | Does the device support the optional Power Descriptor client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD8 | Does the device support the optional Simple Descriptor client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD9 | Does the device support the optional Active Endpoint client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD10 | Does the device support the optional Match Descriptor client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD11 | Does the device support the optional Complex Descriptor client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD12 | Does the device support the optional Complex Descriptor server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD13 | Does the device support the optional User Descriptor client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD14 | Does the device support the optional User Descriptor server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD17 | Does the device support the mandatory Device Announce client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AZD18 | Does the device support the Device Announce server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AZD19 | Does the device support the mandatory Security Manager Object? (CCB 2240) | [R1]/2.1.3, 2.5.2.3 | M (for all R22 devices not on GP) (CCB 2240) | **ZigBee PRO MM** | NS | Green Power not supported on Sub GHz network | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AZD100 | Does the device support the optional System Server Discovery client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD101 | Does the device support the optional System Server Discovery server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| AZD102 | Does the device support the optional Discovery Cache client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD103 | Does the device support the optional Discovery Cache server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD104 | Does the device support the optional Discovery Store client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD105 | Does the device support the optional Discovery Store server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD103: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| AZD106 | Does the device support the optional Node Descriptor Store client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD107 | Does the device support the optional Node Descriptor Store server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD103: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| AZD108 | Does the device support the optional Power Descriptor Store client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
|  | **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD109 | Does the device support the optional Power Descriptor Store server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD103: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| AZD110 | Does the device support the optional Active Endpoint Store client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD111 | Does the device support the optional Active Endpoint Store server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD103: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| AZD112 | Does the device support the optional Simple Descriptor Store client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD113 | Does the device support the optional Simple Descriptor Store server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD103: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| AZD114 | Does the device support the optional Remove Node Cache client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD115 | Does the device support the optional Remove Node Cache server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD103: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| AZD116 | Does the device support the optional Find Node Cache client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD117 | Does the device support the optional Find Node Cache server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD103: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| AZD650 | Does the device support the optional Extended Simple Descriptor client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD651 | Does the device support the optional Extended Simple Descriptor server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD103: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| AZD652 | Does the device support the optional Extended Active Endpoint client service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD3: O |  | No |
| AZD653 | Does the device support the optional Extended Active Endpoint server service of the Device and Service Discovery Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.6.1 | AZD103: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD103: M |  | No |
| AZD20 | Does the device support the mandatory attributes of the Security Manager Object with the device in a Trust Center role? | [R1]/2.5.5.7.1 | AZD19: SDT1: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SR1: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SR1: M |  | Yes |
| AZD21 | Does the device support the mandatory attributes of the Security Manager Object with the device in a non-Trust Center role? | [R1]/2.5.5.7.1 | AZD19: SDT2: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | SDT2: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | SDT2: M |  | Yes |
| AZD22 | Does the device support the optional Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: O FDT3: O | End\_Device\_Bind\_req server processing in the coordinator is required.  The ZigBee coordinator must process end device bind requests and supply Bind\_req commands to the source of matched clusters in the paired end device bind requests. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: O FDT3: O | Yes |
| AZD23 | Does the device support the optional End Device Bind client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.1 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD24 | Does the device support the optional End Device Bind server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.1 | AZD22: FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD25 | Does the device support the optional Bind client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.2 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD26 | Does the device support the optional Bind server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.2 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD27 | Does the device support the optional Unbind client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.3 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD28 | Does the device support the optional Unbind server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.3 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD200 | Does the device support the optional Bind Register client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.4 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD201 | Does the device support the optional Bind Register server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.4 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD202 | Does the device support the optional Replace Device client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.5 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD203 | Does the device support the optional Replace Device server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.5 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD204 | Does the device support the optional Store Backup Bind Entry client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.6 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD205 | Does the device support the optional Store Backup Bind Entry server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.6 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD206 | Does the device support the optional Remove Backup Bind Entry client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.7 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD207 | Does the device support the optional Remove Backup Bind Entry server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.7 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD208 | Does the device support the optional Backup Bind Table client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.8 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD209 | Does the device support the optional Backup Bind Table server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.8 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD210 | Does the device support the optional Recover Bind Table client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.9 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD211 | Does the device support the optional Recover Bind Table server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.9 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD212 | Does the device support the optional Backup Source Bind client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.10 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD213 | Does the device support the optional Backup Source Bind server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.10 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD214 | Does the device support the optional Recover Source Bind client service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.3.2.11 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD215 | Does the device support the optional Recover Source Bind server service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1  [R1]/2.4.4.2.11 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD29 | Does the device support the optional APSME BIND and UNBIND service of the Binding Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.8.1 | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD22: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD30 | Does the device support the mandatory NLME GET, SET and NETWORK DISCOVERY services of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AZD31 | Does the device support the optional NLME NETWORK FORMATION service of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| AZD299 | Does the device support the optional NLME NETWORK FORMATION service of the DistributedNetwork Service Primitive?  (CCB 2137) | [R1]/3.2.2.5 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M | Can form independent distributed network on sub-GHz network and a different distributed network on 2.4 GHz. Sub-GHz unique channel list. | No |
| [R1]/3.2.2.5 | O | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M | Can form a distributed network on 2.4 GHz only | Yes |
| AZD32 | Does the device support the optional NLME JOIN service of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| AZD300 | Does the device support the optional NLME START ROUTER service of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| AZD33 | Does the device support the mandatory NLME LEAVE service of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| AZD301 | Does the device support the optional NLME PERMIT JOINING service of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| AZD34 | Does the device support the optional NLME RESET service of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD35 | Does the device support the optional NLME SYNC service of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M | See clause 8.4.2.1 in this document, Network layer functions, Item number NLF17. | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M | Yes |
| AZD302 | Does the device support the mandatory NLME NWK\_STATUS service of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AZD303 | Does the device support the optional NLME ROUTE DISCOVERY service of the Network Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.9.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD36 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Object? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD37 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager NWK Discovery client service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD38 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager NWK Discovery server service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD39 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager LQI client service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD40 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager LQI server service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD41 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager RTG client service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD42 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager RTG server service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD43 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Bind client service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD44 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Bind server service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD45 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Leave client service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD46 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Leave server service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD47 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Direct Join client service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD48 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Direct Join server service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | X |  | No |
| AZD400 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Permit Joining client service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: M  (CCB #2538) |  | Yes |
| AZD401 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Discovery Cache client service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.1 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD402 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager Discovery Cache server service? | [R1]/2.5.5.10.2 | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD800 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager NWK update client service? | [R1]/2.4.3.3. | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee- PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: O | The ability to send the Mgmt\_NWK\_Update-\_req command in order to request the target to perform an energy scan is mandatory for the Network Channel Manager, and optional for all non Network Channel Manager routers and the coordinator. Applicable to 2.4 GHz channel list. | No |
| AZD801 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager NWK Enhanced update client service? | [R1]/2.4.3.3.10 | AZD36: FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: O | **ZigBee- PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: O | The ability to send the Mgmt\_NWK\_Update-\_req command in order to request the target to perform an energy scan is mandatory for the Network Channel Manager, and optional for all non Network Channel Manager routers and the coordinator. Applicable to sub GHz channel list. | No |
| AZD802 | Does the device support the optional Node Manager NWK update server service? | [R1]/2.4.4.3.9 | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | The ability for a non Network Channel Manager to receive and process the Mgmt\_NWK\_Update\_-req command is mandatory for the network manager and all routers and optional for end devices. Applicable to 2.4 GHz channel list. | Yes |
| AZD803 | Does the MM device support the Node Manager NWK Enhanced update server service? | [R1]/2.4.3.3.10 | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | MM Sub-GHz I/F  FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X  MM 2.4 GHz I/F and  2.4GHz Devices  FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: X | It’s MANDATORY on ALL MM Devices to support Mgmt\_NWK\_Enhanced Update\_req on Sub-GHz interface .  All MM 2.4 GHz interface and 2.4 GHz devices SHALL NOT support Mgmt\_NWK\_Enhanced Update\_req command. | No |
| AZD804 | Does the MM device support the Mgmt\_NWK\_IEEE\_Joining\_List client service? | [R1]/2.4.3.3.11 | AZD36: FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: X FDT2: M FDT3: X | Mgmt\_NWK\_IEEE\_Joining\_List\_req is only required on Sub-GHz devices and networks that support Sub-GHz network routers.  UK doesn't support Sub-GHz routers therefore not  required in UK deployed devices. | No |
| AZD805 | Does the MM device support the Mgmt\_NWK\_IEEE\_Joining\_List server service? | [R1]/2.4.3.3.11 | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36: FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | The ability for a non Network Channel Manager to receive and process the Mgmt\_NWK\_IEEE Joining List\_-req command is mandatoryfor the network manager, all routers and all end devices for R22. Applicable to Sub GHz and 2.4 GHz channel list. | No |
| AZD806 | Does the MM device support the Channel Change Manager? |  | AZD36:  FDT1:M  FDT2: X  FDT3:X | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36:  FDT1:M  FDT2: X  FDT3:X |  | No |
| AZ807 | Does the MM device support the LINK\_POWER\_DELTA command on Sub-GHz interface? |  | AZD36:  FDT1:M  FDT2: X  FDT3:M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD36:  FDT1:M  FDT2: X  FDT3:M | LINK POWER DELTA command is only supported on MM Coordinator and Sub-GHz end devices on Sub-GHz interface. | No |
| AZD49 | Does the device support the mandatory Configuration Attributes? | [R1]/2.5.6 | M | **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| AZD50 | Does the device support the optional Complex Descriptor configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | O | **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| AZD51 | Does the device support the optional User Descriptor configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | O | **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| AZD52 | Does the device support the optional Max Bind configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | O | **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| AZD53 | Does the device support the optional Master Key configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | O | **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| AZD54 | Does the device support the optional End Device Bind Timeout configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: X FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD55 | Does the device support the optional Permit Join Duration configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD56 | Does the device support the optional NWK Security Level configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | AZD19: O | **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD19: O |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD19: O |  | No |
| AZD57 | Does the device support the optional NWK Secure All Frames configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | AZD19: O | **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD19: O |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD19: O |  | No |
| AZD500 | Does the device support the optional NWK Leave Remove Children configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | AZD19: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X | **ZigBee- PRO** | AZD19: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | AZD19: FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD501 | Does the device support the optional NWK Broadcast Delivery configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD502 | Does the device support the optional NWK Transaction Persistence Time configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD503 | Does the device support the optional NWK Indirect Poll Rate configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: X FDT3: M |  | No |
| AZD504 | Does the device support the optional Max Associations configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD505 | Does the device support the optional NWK Direct Join Addresses configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: O FDT2: O FDT3: X |  | No |
| AZD506 | Does the device support the optional Parent Link Retry Threshold configuration attribute? | [R1]/2.5.6 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD507 | Does the device support the mandatory end device timeout Rejoin Interval configuration attribute?  (CCB 2144) | [R1]/3.6.10.3, 3.6.1.4.3.1 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD508 | Does the device support the optional Max end device timeout Rejoin Interval configuration attribute?  (CCB2144) | [R1]/3.6.10.3, 3.6.1.4.3.1 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee- PRO** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| **ZigBee-PRO ZigBee PROMB** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD509 | When the routing procedure specifies that the NSDU is to be transmitted it is compliant to R22 per section 3.2.1.1.3? | [R1]3.2.1.1.3 | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: M | **ZigBee-PRO ZigBee PROMB** | FDT1: M FDT2: M FDT3: M |  | Yes |
| AZD510 | Does the device support Network Managemnt Data ChannelList Structure to support one or more MAC interfaces? | [R1]3.2.2.2.1 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee-PRO**  **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes, 1 interface |
| AZD511 | Does the device support Energy DetectChannelInfo defined in Table 3.9? | [R1]3.2.2.2.3 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee-PRO**  **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes, as a plain structure for 1 interface |
| AZD512 | Does the device properly support NLME-NETWORK-DISCOVERY. request and Request primitive defined in Table 3.10? | [R1]3.2.2.3.1 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee-PRO ZigBee PROMB** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD513 | Does the device properly support NLME-NETWORK \_FORMATION request and response | [R1]3.2.2.5.3 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee-PRO**  **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD514 | Does the device properly support NLME-ED-SCAN request and response? | [R1] 3.2.2.12.2 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee-PRO**  **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | Yes |
| AZD515 | Does the device support NLME-SET-INTERFACE command and response? | [R1]3.2.2.36 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee-PRO**  **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No. Single Interface |
| AZD516 | Does the device support NLME-GET-INTERFACE command and response? | [R1]3.2.2.37 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee-PRO**  **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No. Single Interface |
| AZD517 | Does the device support Verify Link Cost Command? | [R1]3.4.13 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee-PRO**  **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
| AZD518 | Does the device support Power Negotiation on sub GHz channels? | [R1]3.6.11 | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O | **ZigBee-PRO**  **ZigBee PRO MM** | FDT1: X FDT2: O FDT3: O |  | No |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

##### ZigBee Application Framework functions

| Item number | Item description | Reference | ZigBee Status | Feature set Support | | Additional Constraints | Platform Support |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AAF2 | Does the device support the mandatory ZigBee Descriptor structures? | [R1]/2.3.2 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |
| AAF3 | Does the device support the optional ZigBee Complex Descriptor structure? | [R1]/2.3.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | No |
| AAF4 | Does the device support the optional ZigBee User Descriptor structure? | [R1]/2.3.2 | O | **ZigBee PRO MM** | O |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | O |  | No |
| AAF5 | Does the device support the transmission of descriptors? | [R1]/2.3.2.1 | M | **ZigBee PRO MM** | M |  | No |
| **ZigBee- PRO** | M |  | Yes |

1. CCB 1623 [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
2. CCB 1624 [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
3. CCB 1624 [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
4. **A search & replace has been done replacing orphan notification as a rejoin procedure with “end-device timeout or MAC\_PHY polling procedure” which is not a rejoin procedure, but a keep-alive strategy. This needs to be fixed in the PICS. Platform supports orphan notification for legacy devices (as a router), but it does not do orphan scans itself (as an end-device).** [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
5. CCB 1629 [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
6. CCB 1633 [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
7. CCB 1633 [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
8. CCB 1629 [↑](#footnote-ref-9)
9. CCB 1633 [↑](#footnote-ref-10)
10. CCB 1633 [↑](#footnote-ref-11)
11. CCB 1279 [↑](#footnote-ref-12)
12. High security mode no longer exists since R21 [↑](#footnote-ref-13)
13. Support for pre-configured network key dropped since R21 [↑](#footnote-ref-14)
14. CCB 1039 [↑](#footnote-ref-15)
15. CCB 1039 [↑](#footnote-ref-16)
16. Many of the optional attributes are supported, not all [↑](#footnote-ref-17)